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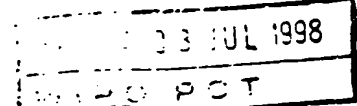
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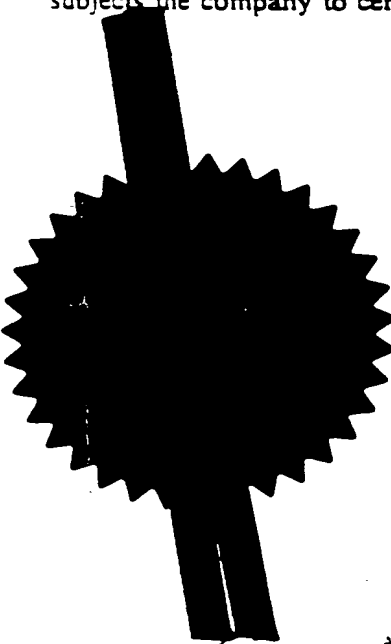
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14. A method for the treatment of diseases, disorders, conditions or symptoms mediated by cell adhesion in a mammal which comprises administering to said mammal an effective amount of a compound of Claim 3.

15. A method for the treatment of asthma, allergic rhinitis, multiple sclerosis, atherosclerosis, inflammatory bowel disease or inflammation in a mammal which comprises administering to said mammal an effective amount of a compound of Claim 3.

16. A pharmaceutical composition which comprises a compound of Claim 3 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier thereof.

TITLE OF THE INVENTION**HETEROCYCLIC AMIDE COMPOUNDS AS CELL ADHESION
INHIBITORS****5 ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE**

Heterocyclic amide compounds of Formula I are antagonists of the integrins VLA-4 and/or $\alpha 4\beta 7$, and as such are useful in the inhibition or prevention of cell adhesion and cell-adhesion mediated pathologies. These compounds may be formulated into pharmaceutical compositions and are suitable for use in the treatment of asthma, allergies, inflammation, multiple sclerosis, and other inflammatory and autoimmune disorders.

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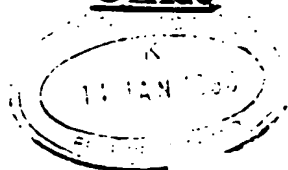
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1 - JAN 1998



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Your reference		19965PV2	
2. Patent application number (The Patent Office will fill in this part)			
3. Full name, address and postcode of the or of each applicant (underline all surnames)		Merck & Co., Inc. P. O. Box 2000 Rahway, New Jersey 07065-0900 U.S.A.	
Patents Act number (if you know it)		2000701000	
If the applicant is a corporate body, give the country/state of its incorporation		New Jersey, USA	
4. Title of the invention		Heterocyclic amide compounds as cell adhesion inhibitors	
5. Name of your agent (if you have one)		Mr. I. J. Hiscock	
"Address for service" in the United Kingdom to which all correspondence should be sent (including the postcode)		Merck & Co., Inc. European Patent Department Terlings Park Eastwick Road Harlow Essex CM20 2QR	
Patents ADP number (if you know it)		06546683001	
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a) any applicant named in part 3 is not an inventor, or			
b) there is an inventor who is not named as an applicant, or			
c) any named applicant is a corporate body.			
See note (d))			


Patents Form 1/77

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Claim(s)	23
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Statement of inventorship and right to grant of a patent (Patents Form 7/77)	-
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Any other documents (please specify)	Fee Sheet

11. I/We request the grant of a patent on the basis of this application.
- Signature  Date 12 January 1998
Mr. I. J. Hiscock

12. Name and daytime telephone number of person to contact in the United Kingdom
- Mr. I. J. Hiscock 01279 440175

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TITLE OF THE INVENTION
**HETEROCYCLIC AMIDE COMPOUNDS AS CELL ADHESION
INHIBITORS**

5 BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to novel heterocyclic amide derivatives which are useful for the inhibition and prevention of leukocyte adhesion and leukocyte adhesion-mediated pathologies. This invention also relates to compositions containing such compounds and
10 methods of treatment using such compounds.

Many physiological processes require that cells come into close contact with other cells and/or extracellular matrix. Such adhesion events may be required for cell activation, migration, proliferation and differentiation. Cell-cell and cell-matrix interactions are mediated
15 through several families of cell adhesion molecules (CAMs) including the selectins, integrins, cadherins and immunoglobulins. CAMs play an essential role in both normal and pathophysiological processes. Therefore, the targetting of specific and relevant CAMs in certain disease conditions without interfering with normal cellular functions is
20 essential for an effective and safe therapeutic agent that inhibits cell-cell and cell-matrix interactions.

The integrin superfamily is made up of structurally and functionally related glycoproteins consisting of α and β heterodimeric, transmembrane receptor molecules found in various combinations on
25 nearly every mammalian cell type E. C. Butcher, Cell, **67**, 1033 (1991); T. A. Springer, Cell, **76**, 301 (1994); .

VLA-4 ("very late antigen-4"; CD49d/CD29; or $\alpha 4\beta 1$) is an integrin expressed on all leukocytes, except platelets and mature neutrophils, and is a key mediator of the cell-cell and cell-matrix
30 interactions of leukocytes. The ligands for VLA-4 include vascular cell adhesion molecule-1 (VCAM-1) and the CS-1 domain of fibronectin (FN). VCAM-1 is a member of the Ig superfamily and is expressed *in vivo* on endothelial cells at sites of inflammation and on dendritic and macrophage-like cells. VCAM-1 is produced by vascular endothelial

cells in response to pro-inflammatory cytokines. The CS-1 domain is a 25 amino acid sequence that arises by alternative splicing within a region of fibronectin. A role for VLA-4/CS-1 interactions in inflammatory conditions has been proposed (see M. J. Elices, "The integrin $\alpha_4\beta_1$ (VLA-4) as a therapeutic target" in Cell Adhesion and Human Disease, Ciba Found. Symp., John Wiley & Sons, NY, 1995, p. 79).

$\alpha_4\beta_7$ (also referred to as LPAM-1 and $\alpha_4\beta_p$) is an integrin expressed on leukocytes and is a key mediator of leukocyte trafficking and homing in the gastrointestinal tract (see C. M. Parker et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, **89**, 1924 (1992)). The ligands for $\alpha_4\beta_7$ include mucosal addressing cell adhesion molecule-1 (MadCAM-1) and, upon activation of $\alpha_4\beta_7$, VCAM-1 and fibronectin (Fn). MadCAM-1 is a member of the Ig superfamily and is expressed in vivo on endothelial cells of gut-associated mucosal tissues of the small and large intestine ("Peyer's Patches") and lactating mammary glands. (See M. J. Briskin et al., Nature, **363**, 461 (1993); A. Hamann et al., J. Immunol., **152**, 3282 (1994)). MadCAM-1 can be induced in vitro by proinflammatory stimuli (See E. E. Sikorski et al. J. Immunol., **151**, 5239 (1993)). MadCAM-1 is selectively expressed at sites of lymphocyte extravasation and specifically binds to the integrin, $\alpha_4\beta_7$.

Neutralizing anti- α_4 antibodies or blocking peptides that inhibit the interaction between VLA-4 and/or $\alpha_4\beta_7$ and their ligands have proven efficacious both prophylactically and therapeutically in several animal models of disease, including i) experimental allergic encephalomyelitis, a model of neuronal demyelination resembling multiple sclerosis; ii) bronchial hyperresponsiveness in sheep and guinea pig models for the various phases of asthma; iii) adjuvant-induced arthritis in rats as a model of inflammatory arthritis; iv) autoimmune diabetes in the NOD mouse; v) cardiac allograft survival in mice as a model of organ transplantation; vi) spontaneous chronic colitis in cotton-top tamarins which resembles human ulcerative colitis, a form of inflammatory bowel disease; vii) contact hypersensitivity models as a model for skin allergic reactions; viii) acute neurotoxic nephritis; ix)

tumor metastasis; x) experimental autoimmune thyroiditis; and xi) ischemic tissue damage following arterial occlusion in rats. The primary mechanism of action of such antibodies appears to be the inhibition of lymphocyte and monocyte interactions with CAMs associated with components of the extracellular matrix, thereby limiting leukocyte migration to extravascular sites of injury or inflammation and/or limiting the priming and/or activation of leukocytes.

There is additional evidence supporting a possible role for VLA-4 interactions in other diseases, including rheumatoid arthritis; various melanomas, carcinomas, and sarcomas; inflammatory lung disorders; atherosclerotic plaque formation; restenosis; and circulatory shock.

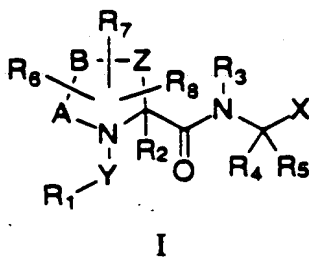
At present, there is a humanized monoclonal antibody (Antegren® Athena Neurosciences/Elan) against VLA-4 in clinical development for the treatment of "flares" associated with multiple sclerosis and a humanized monoclonal antibody (ACT-1® LeukoSite) against $\alpha 4\beta 7$ in clinical development for the treatment of inflammatory bowel disease. Several peptidyl antagonists of VLA-4 have been described (D. Y. Jackson et al., "Potent $\alpha 4\beta 1$ peptide antagonists as potential anti-inflammatory agents", *J. Med. Chem.*, **40**, 3359 (1997); H. N. Shroff et al., "Small peptide inhibitors of $\alpha 4\beta 7$ mediated MadCAM-1 adhesion to lymphocytes", *Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett.*, **6**, 2495 (1996); US 5,510,332, WO97/03094, WO97/02289, WO96/40781, WO96/22966, WO96/20216, WO96/01644, WO96/06108, WO95/15973). There is one report of nonpeptidyl inhibitors of the ligands for $\alpha 4$ -integrins (WO96/31206). There still remains a need for low molecular weight, specific inhibitors of VLA-4- and $\alpha 4\beta 7$ -dependent cell adhesion that have improved pharmacokinetic and pharmacodynamic properties such as oral bioavailability and significant duration of action. Such compounds would prove to be useful for the treatment, prevention or suppression of various pathologies mediated by VLA-4 and $\alpha 4\beta 7$ binding and cell adhesion and activation.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The compounds of the present invention are antagonists of the VLA-4 integrin ("very late antigen-4"; CD49d/CD29; or $\alpha 4\beta 1$) and/or the $\alpha 4\beta 7$ integrin (LPAM-1 and $\alpha 4\beta p$), thereby blocking the binding of VLA-4 to its various ligands, such as VCAM-1 and regions of fibronectin and/or $\alpha 4\beta 7$ to its various ligands, such as MadCAM-1, VCAM-1 and fibronectin. Thus, these antagonists are useful in inhibiting cell adhesion processes including cell activation, migration, proliferation and differentiation. These antagonists are useful in the treatment, prevention and suppression of diseases mediated by VLA-4 and/or $\alpha 4\beta 7$ binding and cell adhesion and activation, such as multiple sclerosis, asthma, allergic rhinitis, allergic conjunctivitis, inflammatory lung diseases, rheumatoid arthritis, septic arthritis, type I diabetes, organ transplantation, restenosis, autologous bone marrow transplantation, inflammatory sequelae of viral infections, myocarditis, inflammatory bowel disease including ulcerative colitis and Crohn's disease, certain types of toxic and immune-based nephritis, contact dermal hypersensitivity, psoriasis, tumor metastasis, and atherosclerosis.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The present invention provides novel compounds of Formula I



or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof wherein:

- R¹ is 1) C1-10alkyl,
 2) C2-10alkenyl,
 3) C2-10alkynyl,

- 4) Cy,
- 5) Cy-C₁₋₁₀alkyl,
- 6) Cy-C₂₋₁₀alkenyl,
- 7) Cy-C₂₋₁₀alkynyl,

5 wherein alkyl, alkenyl, and alkynyl are optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^a; and Cy is optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^b;

- 10 R² is
- 1) hydrogen,
 - 2) C₁₋₁₀alkyl,
 - 3) C₂₋₁₀alkenyl,
 - 4) C₂₋₁₀alkynyl,
 - 5) aryl,
 - 6) aryl-C₁₋₁₀alkyl,
 - 15 7) heteroaryl,
 - 8) heteroaryl-C₁₋₁₀alkyl,

wherein alkyl, alkenyl, and alkynyl are optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^a; and aryl and heteroaryl optionally substituted with one to four substituents

20 independently selected from R^b;

- R³ is
- 1) hydrogen,
 - 2) C₁₋₁₀ alkyl,
 - 3) Cy, or
 - 25 4) Cy-C₁₋₁₀ alkyl,

wherein alkyl is optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^a; and Cy is optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^b;

- 30 R⁴ is
- 1) hydrogen,
 - 2) C₁₋₁₀alkyl,
 - 3) C₂₋₁₀alkenyl,
 - 4) C₂₋₁₀alkynyl,
 - 5) Cy,

- 6) Cy-C₁₋₁₀alkyl,
- 7) Cy-C₂₋₁₀alkenyl,
- 8) Cy-C₂₋₁₀alkynyl,

5 wherein alkyl, alkenyl and alkynyl are optionally substituted with one to four substituents selected from Rx, and Cy is optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from RY;

- R⁵ is
- 1) hydrogen,
 - 2) C₁₋₁₀alkyl,
 - 10 3) C₂₋₁₀alkenyl,
 - 4) C₂₋₁₀alkynyl,
 - 5) aryl,
 - 6) aryl-C₁₋₁₀alkyl,
 - 7) heteroaryl,
 - 15 8) heteroaryl-C₁₋₁₀alkyl,

wherein alkyl, alkenyl and alkynyl are optionally substituted with one to four substituents selected from Rx, and aryl and heteroaryl are optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from RY; or

20 R₄, R₅ and the carbon to which they are attached form a 3-7 membered ring optionally containing 0-2 heteroatoms selected from N, O and S;

R₆, R₇, and R₈ are each independently selected from the group
25 consisting of

- 1) a group selected from R_d, and
- 2) a group selected from Rx; or

two of R₆, R₇ and R₈ and the atom to which both are attached, or two of R₆, R₇ and R₈ and the two adjacent atoms to which they are attached,
30 together form a 5-7 membered saturated or unsaturated monocyclic ring containing zero to three heteroatoms selected from N, O or S,

- R^a is
- 1) Cy, or
 - 2) a group selected from Rx;

wherein Cy is optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^C;

- 5 R^b is 1) a group selected from R^a,
2) C₁₋₁₀ alkyl,
3) C₂₋₁₀ alkenyl,
4) C₂₋₁₀ alkynyl,
5) aryl C₁₋₁₀alkyl,
6) heteroaryl C₁₋₁₀ alkyl,

10 wherein alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl are optionally substituted with a group independently selected from R^C;

- 15 R^C is 1) halogen,
2) amino,
3) carboxy,
4) C₁₋₄alkyl,
5) C₁₋₄alkoxy,
6) aryl,
7) aryl C₁₋₄alkyl, or
20 8) aryloxy.

R^d and R^e are independently selected from hydrogen, C₁₋₁₀alkyl, C₂₋₁₀alkenyl, C₂₋₁₀alkynyl, Cy and Cy C₁₋₁₀alkyl, wherein alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl and Cy is optionally substituted with one to four
25 substituents independently selected from R^C; or
R^d and R^e together with the atoms to which they are attached form a heterocyclic ring of 5 to 7 members containing 0-2 additional heteroatoms independently selected from oxygen, sulfur and nitrogen;

30 R^f and R^g are independently selected from hydrogen, C₁₋₁₀alkyl, Cy and Cy C₁₋₁₀alkyl; or
R^f and R^g together with the carbon to which they are attached form a ring of 5 to 7 members containing 0-2 heteroatoms independently selected from oxygen, sulfur and nitrogen;

- R^h is
- 1) hydrogen,
 - 2) C₁₋₁₀alkyl,
 - 3) C₂₋₁₀alkenyl,
 - 5 4) C₂₋₁₀alkynyl,
 - 5) cyano,
 - 6) aryl,
 - 7) aryl C₁₋₁₀alkyl,
 - 8) heteroaryl,
 - 10 9) heteroaryl C₁₋₁₀alkyl, or
 - 10) -SO₂Rⁱ;

wherein alkyl, alkenyl, and alkynyl are optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^a; and aryl and heteroaryl are each optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^b;

- Rⁱ
- 1) C₁₋₁₀alkyl,
 - 2) C₂₋₁₀alkenyl,
 - 3) C₂₋₁₀alkynyl, or
 - 20 4) aryl;

wherein alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl and aryl are each optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^c;

- R^x is
- 25 1) -OR^d,
 - 2) -NO₂,
 - 3) halogen
 - 4) -S(O)_mR^d,
 - 5) -SR^d,
 - 6) -S(O)₂OR^d,
 - 30 7) -S(O)_mNR^dRe,
 - 8) -NR^dRe,
 - 9) -O(CR^fR^g)_nNR^dRe,
 - 10) -C(O)R^d,

- 11) $-\text{CO}_2\text{R}^{\text{d}}$,
 12) $-\text{CO}_2(\text{CR}^{\text{f}}\text{R}^{\text{g}})_n\text{CONR}^{\text{d}}\text{R}^{\text{e}}$,
 13) $-\text{OC}(\text{O})\text{R}^{\text{d}}$,
 14) $-\text{CN}$,
 5 15) $-\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NR}^{\text{d}}\text{R}^{\text{e}}$,
 16) $-\text{NR}^{\text{d}}\text{C}(\text{O})\text{R}^{\text{e}}$,
 17) $-\text{OC}(\text{O})\text{NR}^{\text{d}}\text{R}^{\text{e}}$,
 18) $-\text{NR}^{\text{d}}\text{C}(\text{O})\text{OR}^{\text{e}}$,
 19) $-\text{NR}^{\text{d}}\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NR}^{\text{d}}\text{R}^{\text{e}}$,
 10 20) $-\text{CR}^{\text{d}}(\text{N}-\text{OR}^{\text{e}})$, or
 21) $-\text{CF}_3$;

- RY is 1) a group selected from R^{x} ,
 2) C_{1-10} alkyl,
 15 3) C_{2-10} alkenyl,
 4) C_{2-10} alkynyl,
 5) aryl C_{1-10} alkyl,
 6) heteroaryl C_{1-10} alkyl,
 7) cycloalkyl,
 20 8) heterocyclyl;

Cy is cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, aryl, or heteroaryl;

m is an integer from 1 to 2;

25

n is an integer from 1 to 10;

- X is 1) $-\text{C}(\text{O})\text{OR}^{\text{d}}$,
 2) $-\text{P}(\text{O})(\text{OR}^{\text{d}})(\text{OR}^{\text{e}})$
 30 3) $-\text{P}(\text{O})(\text{R}^{\text{d}})(\text{OR}^{\text{e}})$
 4) $-\text{S}(\text{O})_m\text{OR}^{\text{d}}$,
 5) $-\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NR}^{\text{d}}\text{R}^{\text{h}}$, or
 6) -5-tetrazolyl;

- Y is
- 1) -C(O)-,
 - 2) -O-C(O)-,
 - 3) -NR^e-C(O)-,
 - 4) -S(O)₂-,
 - 5) -P(O)(OR⁴) or
 - 6) C(O)C(O);

Z and A are independently selected from -C- and -C-C-;

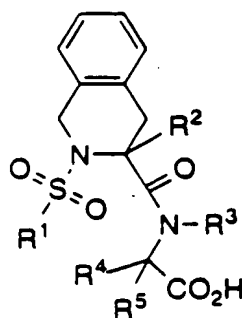
B is selected from the group consisting of

- 1) a bond,
- 2) -C-
- 3) -C-C-,
- 3) -C=C-,
- 4) a heteroatom selected from the group consisting of nitrogen, oxygen, and sulfur; and
- 5) -S(O)_m-; or

In one subset of compounds of formula I R¹ is C₁-10alkyl, Cy, or Cy-C₁-10alkyl, wherein alkyl is optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^a; and Cy is optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^b. For the purpose of R¹ Cy is preferably aryl or heteroaryl optionally substituted with one to three groups independently selected from C₁-6 alkyl, aryl-C₁-3 alkyl, halogen, nitro, cyano, trifluoromethyl, OR^d, SR^d, NR^dRe, NR^dC(O) NR^dRe or NR^dC(O)Re.

In another subset of compounds of formula I Y is -C(O)- or -SO₂-.

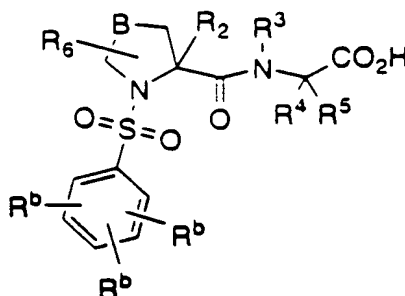
One embodiment of compounds of Formula I provides compounds having the formula Ia:



Ia

5 wherein R2 is H or C1-6 alkyl, and R1, R3, R4 and R5 are as defined previously under Formula I.

Another embodiment of compounds of Formula I provides compounds having the formula Ib:



Ib

10

15 wherein R2 is H or C1-6 alkyl, R6 is H, C1-6 alkyl, OR^d, SR^d, NR^dRe, or NR^dC(O)Re; B is S, CH2 or CH2CH2, with the proviso that R3 is not H when B is CH2, R4 is H, R5 is H or 4-cyanophenylmethyl, and one Rb is 4-methyl and the others are H.

The following are representative compounds of Formula I:
 20 N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-leucine;

- N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-arginine;
N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-glutamic acid;
5 N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-glycine;
N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-(1-naphthyl)alanine;
N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)- α -t-butylglycine ;
10 N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-3-(2-thienyl)alanine;
N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-cyclohexylalanine;
15 N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine ;
N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl- β -alanine;
N-(3,3-diphenylpropanoyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine;
20 N-(2,4-dinitrobenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-3,3-diphenylalanine;
25 N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3-carboxylic acid;
N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-proline;
N-dansyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine;
30 N-(2-naphthalenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-(4-methoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine;

- N-(4-phenylbenzoyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-(3,4-dimethylbenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-cysteine;
5 N-(4-t-butylbenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-(2,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-(2-mesitylenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-
10 (L)-norleucine ;
N-(p-toluenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine ;
N-(4-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine ;
15 N-(N'-acetylsulfanilyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-(4-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine ;
N-(1-naphthalenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-
20 carbonyl-(L)-norleucine ;
N-(benzylsulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-(4-nitrobenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine;
25 N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-phenylalanine;
N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-glutamine;
N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-
30 carbonyl-(L)-(4-nitrophenyl)alanine;
N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-asparagine ;
N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-methionine ;

- N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-homophenylalanine;
N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(D)-norleucine;
- 5 N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-(4-fluorophenyl)alanine;
N-(3-toluenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine;
- 10 N-(4-trifluoromethylbenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-(4-n-propylbenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine;
- N-(4-isopropylbenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine;
- 15 N-(2,6-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-(4-ethylbenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine ;
- N-(2,4-difluorobenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine ;
- 20 N-(2-cyanobenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine ;
N-(4-tert-amylbenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine;
- 25 N-(4-chloro-3-nitrobenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine ;
N-(3-cyanobenzoyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine;
- N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine;
- 30 N-(3,4-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-(2-trifluoromethylbenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine;

- N-(2,3-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-
carbonyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-(2,4-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-
carbonyl-(L)-norleucine;
5 N-(2,5-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-
carbonyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-
carbonyl-(L)-serine;
N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-
10 carbonyl-(L)-isoleucine;
N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-
carbonyl-(L)-tryptophan;
N-(2,1,3-benzothiadiazole-4-sulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-
3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-tryptophan;
15 N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-
carbonyl-(L)-3-(3-pyridyl)alanine ;
N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-
carbonyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine, ethyl ester;
N-acetyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine;
20 N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(R)-
carbonyl-(D)-norleucine;
N-propionyl-(L)-prolyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-
(L)-norleucine;
N-(4-cyanobenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-
25 carbonyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-(benzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-
norleucine;
N-(3-nitrobenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-
carbonyl-(L)-norleucine ;
30 N-(3-trifluoromethylbenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-
3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-(2-thienylsulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-
norleucine;

- N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-
carbonyl-(L)-N-methyleucine ;
N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-
carbonyl-(L)-citrulline;
5 N-(4-iodobenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-
carbonyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-(3-iodo)tyrosine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-(3-pyridyl)alanine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-phenylalanine;
10 N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-glutamic acid;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-arginine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-(3,4-
dichlorophenyl)alanine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine,
15 ethyl ester;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-(4-
bromophenyl)alanine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-(4-
nitrophenyl)alanine;
20 N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-(4-thiazolyl)alanine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-(2-
chlorophenyl)alanine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-(4-
chlorophenyl)alanine;
25 N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-(4-
cyanophenyl)alanine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-tyrosine, O-sulfate;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3,5-diiodotyrosine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-tyrosine;
30 N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-aspartic acid;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-tryptophan;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-methionine;
N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-norleucine;

- N-(3,5-di(trifluoromethyl)benzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine;
N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-thiaprolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine ;
- 5 N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-thiaprolyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-[4-(N'-2-toluy lureido)phenylacetyl]-(L)-thiaprolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-thiaprolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine;
- 10 N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-pipecoliny l-(L)-norleucine;
N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-pipecoliny l-(L)-norleucine, ethyl ester;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-pipecoliny l-(L)-homophenylalanine;
- 15 N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-pipecoliny l-(L)-(3-iodo)tyrosine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-pipecoliny l-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine;
N-[4-(N'-2-toluy lureido)phenylacetyl]-(L)-pipecoliny l-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine;
- 20 N-[3,5-di(trifluoromethyl)benzenesulfonyl]-(L)-pipecoliny l-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine ;
N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-pipecoliny l-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine, ethyl ester;
N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-octahydroisoquinoline-3-
- 25 carbonyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-azetidine-2-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine ;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(S)-hydroxyprolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine;
- 30 N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(S)-hydroxyprolyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-3,4-dehydroprolyl-(L)-norleucine;

- N-(3-bis(N,N-benzenesulfonyl)aminobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-(4-pyridyl)alanine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(R)-aminoprolyl-(L)-3-(2-
5 naphthyl)alanine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-3,4-dehydroprolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(R)-hydroxyprolyl-(L)-4-
10 fluorophenylalanine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-thiaprolyl-(L)-tyrosine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-thiaprolyl-(L)-3-iodotyrosine;
N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-thiaprolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine;
N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-pipecolinyll-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine;
15 N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-thiaprolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-3,4-dehydroprolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(R)-hydroxyprolyl-(L)-4-
20 fluorophenylalanine;
N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(R)-hydroxyprolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-pipecolinyll-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
25 N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-3,4-dehydroprolyl-(L)-tyrosine;
N-(4,5-dichloro-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-tyrosine;
N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(R)-hydroxyprolyl-(L)-tyrosine;
N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(R)-hydroxyprolyl-(L)-tyrosine;
N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-pipecolinyll-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
30 N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(R)-hydroxyprolyl-(L)-tyrosine, O-tert-butyl ether;
N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(R)-hydroxyprolyl-(L)-tyrosine, O-tert-butyl ether;

- N-(4,5-dichloro-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-3,4-dehydroprolyl-(L)-tyrosine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-3-methyl-prolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
5 N-(4,5-dichloro-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-3,4-dehydroprolyl-(L)-tyrosine;
N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-3,4-dehydroprolyl-(L)-tyrosine, O-tert-butyl ether;
N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-3,4-dehydroprolyl-(L)-tyrosine, O-
10 tert-butyl ether;
N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-2(S)-methyl-prolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-2(S)-methyl-prolyl-(L)-tyrosine;
N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-2(S)-methyl-prolyl-(L)-tyrosine, O-
15 tert-butyl ether;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-2(S)-methyl-prolyl-(L)-tyrosine;
N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-iodotyrosine;
N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-iodotyrosine;
N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-phenylalanine;
20 N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-phenylalanine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-phenylalanine;
N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(R)-hydroxyprolyl-(L)-phenylalanine;
N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(R)-hydroxyprolyl-(L)-
25 phenylalanine;
N-(4,5-dichloro-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-3,4-dehydroprolyl-(L)-3-(4-pyridyl)alanine;
N-(4,5-dichloro-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-thiaprolyl-(L)-3-(4-pyridyl)alanine;
30 N-(4,5-dichloro-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-3,4-dehydroprolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(R)-hydroxyprolyl-(L)-phenylalanine;

- N-(3-trifluoromethylbenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
N-(3-trifluoromethylbenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-thiaprolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
5 N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-3,4-dehydroprolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-tyrosine, O-phosphoric acid;
N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(R)-aminoprolyl-(L)-tyrosine;
10 N-(4,5-dichloro-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-thiaprolyl-(L)-tyrosine;
N-(N₁-methyl-4-imidazolesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(D)-prolyl-(D)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
N-(4,5-dichloro-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(R)-aminoprolyl-(L)-3-(4-pyridyl)alanine;
15 N-(5-(5-trifluoromethyl-2-pyridylsulfonyl)-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
N-(5-(N-(4-chlorobenzoyl)aminomethyl)-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
20 N-(5-(3-(1-methyl-5-trifluoromethyl-pyrazoyl))-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-2(S)-methylprolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine;
N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(R)-aminoprolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
25 N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(R)-aminoprolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(R)-aminoprolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
30 N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(S)-aminoprolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-thiaprolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
N-(4-bromo-5-chloro-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;

- N-(4,5-dichloro-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-thiaprolyl-(L)-3,5-diiodotyrosine;
N-(5-benzoylaminomethyl-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
5 N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine;
N-(5-benzenesulfonyl-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
N-(3-bromo-5-chloro-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
10 N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-3,4-dehydroprolyl-(L)-tyrosine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-homophenylalanine;
N-(4-benzenesulfonyl-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine;
15 N-(5-benzoylaminomethyl-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine;
N-(trans-2-phenyl-ethylene-sulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine;
N-(5-benzenesulfonyl-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine;
20 N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-thiaprolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine;
N-(α -toluenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-cysteine;
N-(1-methyl-4-imidazolylsulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine;
25 N-(4-(N-(4-dimethylaminophenyl)diazo)-benzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine;
N-(5-(4-trifluoromethylbenzenesulfonyl)-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine;
30 N-(3-bromobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine;
N-(4-methylsulfonyl-benzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine;
N-(4-methoxybenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine;

- N-(4,5-dichloro-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-fluorophenylalanine;
N-(5-chloro-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-thiaprolyl-(L)-tyrosine;
5 N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-2(S)-methylprolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine;
N-(1(R)-(+)-10-camphorsulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine;
N-(1(S)-(+)-10-camphorsulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine;
N-(3,4-methylenedioxy-phenylacetyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine;
10 N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(R)-hydroxyprolyl-(L)-tyrosine-O-sulfate;
N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-thiaprolyl-(L)-tyrosine-O-sulfate;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-cysteine;
15 N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-N-methyl-isoleucine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(R)-aminoprolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine;
N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(R)-aminoprolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine;
20 N-(3-cyanobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-tyrosine;
N-benzenesulfonyl-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine;
N-(4-methylsulfonylbenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine;
N-(4,5-dichloro-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(R)-aminoprolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine;
25 N-(4,5-dichloro-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(R)-aminoprolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
N-(9-fluorenylmethyloxycarbonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-phenylalanine;
N-(benzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-phenylalanine;
30 N-(n-octyl-1-sulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-phenylalanine;
N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-5(R)-phenyl-prolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-3(R)-phenyl-prolyl-(L)-4-iodophenylalanine;

- N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-1-carbonyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-1,3-dihydroisoindolyl-1-carbonyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
- 5 N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-[3.1.0]-3-azabicyclohexane-2-carbonyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-Prolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine.;
- 10 N-[4-(N'-2-toluyllureido)phenylacetyl-(L)-prolyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzoyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-pipecolinyl-(L)-tryptophan;
N-(4-nitrobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-[3,5-di(trifluoromethyl)benzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-norleucine;
- 15 N-(3-trifluoromethylbenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-[4-(benzoylamino)benzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-(4-methoxy-3,5-dinitrobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-(3-trifluoromethylbenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-(2-
- 20 naphthyl)alanine;
N-(3-nitrobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-(3-cyanobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-tryptophan;
N-(3-methylbenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-norleucine;
- 25 N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-3(S)-methyl-prolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine;
N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine;
N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine;
N-phenylacetyl-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine;
- 30 N-(3-phenylpropionyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine;
N-(phenylaminocarbonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-2-methyl-prolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)-alanine;
N-(benzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine;

- N-(4-N'-phenylureidobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine;
N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-5,5-dimethyl-prolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine;
5 N-(4-N'-(2-toluy)ureidobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine;
N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-iodophenylalanine;
N-(4-N'-benzylureidobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine;
10 N-(phenyloxalyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine;
N-(benzylaminocarbonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine;
N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-2(S)-methyl-prolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-2(S)-methyl-prolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
15 N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-phenylalaninamide-N-methylsulfonamide;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-2(S)-methyl-prolyl-(L)-4-iodophenylalanine;
20 N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-phenylalanine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-5-methylprolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-3-phenylazetidiny carbonyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
25 N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-2(S)-allylprolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-(4'-fluorobenzoyl)phenylalanine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4'-(2-methoxybenzoyl)phenylalanine;
30 N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-(4'-fluorobenzyl)phenylalanine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-(2-methoxybenzyl)phenylalanine;

- N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-(2-nitrophenoxy)-phenylalanine;
 N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-(4-nitrophenoxy)-phenylalanine;
 5 N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-(2-aminophenoxy)-phenylalanine;
 N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-(2-acetylaminophenoxy)-phenylalanine;
 N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-(2-acetylaminophenoxy)-phenylalanine;
 10 N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine;
 N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-methyl-tyrosine
 N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-benzyl-tyrosine;
 15 N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-n-butyl-tyrosine;
 N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-cyanomethyl-tyrosine;
 N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-(2-methoxyethyl)-tyrosine;
 20 N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-(2-ethoxyethyl)-tyrosine;
 N-(benzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-(2-methoxyethyl)-tyrosine;
 N-(benzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-(2-ethoxyethyl)-tyrosine;
 N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-(1-pyrrolidinylcarbonyl)-tyrosine; and
 25 N-(benzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-(1-pyrrolidinylcarbonyl)-tyrosine.

- 30 As used herein the notations -C-, -C-C-, and -C=C- indicate the number of endocyclic carbon atoms and the type of bond between the carbon atoms. Each of the carbon atoms may be a point of attachment for R6, R7 and R8.

"Alkyl", as well as other groups having the prefix "alk", such as alkoxy, alkanoyl, means carbon chains which may be linear or

branched or combinations thereof. Examples of alkyl groups include methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, butyl, sec- and tert-butyl, pentyl, hexyl, heptyl, octyl, nonyl, and the like.

5 "Alkenyl" means carbon chains which contain at least one carbon-carbon double bond, and which may be linear or branched or combinations thereof. Examples of alkenyl include vinyl, allyl, isopropenyl, pentenyl, hexenyl, heptenyl, 1-propenyl, 2-butenyl, 2-methyl-2-butenyl, and the like.

10 "Alkynyl" means carbon chains which contain at least one carbon-carbon triple bond, and which may be linear or branched or combinations thereof. Examples of alkynyl include ethynyl, propargyl, 3-methyl-1-pentyne, 2-heptyne and the like.

15 "Cycloalkyl" means mono- or bicyclic saturated carbocyclic rings, each of which having from 3 to 10 carbon atoms. The term also includes monocyclic ring fused to an aryl group in which the point of attachment is on the non-aromatic portion. Examples of cycloalkyl include cyclopropyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, cycloheptyl, tetrahydronaphthyl, decahydronaphthyl, indanyl, and the like.

20 "Aryl" means mono- or bicyclic aromatic rings containing only carbon atoms. The term also includes aryl group fused to a monocyclic cycloalkyl or monocyclic heterocyclyl group in which the point of attachment is on the aromatic portion. Examples of aryl include phenyl, naphthyl, indanyl, indenyl, tetrahydronaphthyl, 2,3-dihydrobenzofuranyl, benzopyranyl, 1,4-benzodioxanyl, and the like.

25 "Heteroaryl" means a mono- or bicyclic aromatic ring containing at least one heteroatom selected from N, O and S, with each ring containing 5 to 6 atoms. Examples of heteroaryl include pyrrolyl, isoxazolyl, isothiazolyl, pyrazolyl, pyridyl, oxazolyl, oxadiazolyl, thiadiazolyl, thiazolyl, imidazolyl, triazolyl, tetrazolyl, furanyl, 30 triazinyl, thienyl, pyrimidyl, pyridazinyl, pyrazinyl, benzoxazolyl, benzothiazolyl, benzimidazolyl, benzofuranyl, benzothiophenyl, furo(2,3-b)pyridyl, quinolyl, indolyl, isoquinolyl, and the like.

"Heterocyclyl" means mono- or bicyclic saturated rings containing at least one heteroatom selected from N, S and O, each of

said ring having from 3 to 10 atoms. The term also includes monocyclic heterocycle fused to an aryl or heteroaryl group in which the point of attachment is on the non-aromatic portion. Examples of "heterocyclyl" include pyrrolidinyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, 5 imidazolidinyl, 2,3-dihydrofuro(2,3-b)pyridyl, benzoxazinyl, tetrahydrohydroquinolinyl, tetrahydroisoquinolinyl, dihydroindolyl, and the like.

"Halogen" includes fluorine, chlorine, bromine and iodine.

10 Optical Isomers - Diastereomers - Geometric Isomers

Compounds of Formula I contain one or more asymmetric centers and can thus occur as racemates and racemic mixtures, single enantiomers, diastereomeric mixtures and individual diastereomers. The present invention is meant to comprehend all such isomeric forms 15 of the compounds of Formula I.

Some of the compounds described herein contain olefinic double bonds, and unless specified otherwise, are meant to include both E and Z geometric isomers.

20 Salts

The term "pharmaceutically acceptable salts" refers to salts prepared from pharmaceutically acceptable non-toxic bases or acids including inorganic or organic bases and inorganic or organic acids. Salts derived from inorganic bases include aluminum, ammonium, 25 calcium, copper, ferric, ferrous, lithium, magnesium, manganic salts, manganous, potassium, sodium, zinc, and the like. Particularly preferred are the ammonium, calcium, magnesium, potassium, and sodium salts. Salts derived from pharmaceutically acceptable organic non-toxic bases include salts of primary, secondary, and tertiary amines, 30 substituted amines including naturally occurring substituted amines, cyclic amines, and basic ion exchange resins, such as arginine, betaine, caffeine, choline, N,N'-dibenzylethylenediamine, diethylamine, 2-diethylaminoethanol, 2-dimethylaminoethanol, ethanolamine, ethylenediamine, N-ethyl-morpholine, N-ethylpiperidine, glucamine,

glucosamine, histidine, hydrabamine, isopropylamine, lysine, methylglucamine, morpholine, piperazine, piperidine, polyamine resins, procaine, purines, theobromine, triethylamine, trimethylamine, tripropylamine, tromethamine, and the like.

5 When the compound of the present invention is basic, salts may be prepared from pharmaceutically acceptable non-toxic acids, including inorganic and organic acids. Such acids include acetic, benzenesulfonic, benzoic, camphorsulfonic, citric, ethanesulfonic, fumaric, gluconic, glutamic, hydrobromic, hydrochloric, isethionic, 10 lactic, maleic, malic, mandelic, methanesulfonic, mucic, nitric, pantoic, pantothenic, phosphoric, succinic, sulfuric, tartaric, p-toluenesulfonic acid, and the like. Particularly preferred are citric, hydrobromic, hydrochloric, maleic, phosphoric, sulfuric, and tartaric acids.

15 It will be understood that, as used herein, references to the compounds of Formula I are meant to also include the pharmaceutically acceptable salts.

Utilities

20 The ability of the compounds of Formula I to antagonize the actions of VLA-4 and/or $\alpha 4\beta 7$ integrin makes them useful for preventing or reversing the symptoms, disorders or diseases induced by the binding of VLA-4 and/or $\alpha 4\beta 7$ to their various respective ligands. Thus, these antagonists will inhibit cell adhesion processes including cell activation, migration, proliferation and differentiation. Accordingly, 25 another aspect of the present invention provides a method for the treatment (including prevention, alleviation, amelioration or suppression) of diseases or disorders or symptoms mediated by VLA-4 and/or $\alpha 4\beta 7$ binding and cell adhesion and activation, which comprises administering to a mammal an effective amount of a compound of 30 Formula I. Such diseases, disorders, conditions or symptoms are for example (1) multiple sclerosis, (2) asthma, (3) allergic rhinitis, (4) allergic conjunctivitis, (5) inflammatory lung diseases, (6) rheumatoid arthritis, (7) septic arthritis, (8) type I diabetes, (9) organ transplantation rejection, (10) restenosis, (11) autologous bone marrow

transplantation, (12) inflammatory sequelae of viral infections, (13) myocarditis, (14) inflammatory bowel disease including ulcerative colitis and Crohn's disease, (15) certain types of toxic and immune-based nephritis, (16) contact dermal hypersensitivity, (17) psoriasis, 5 (18) tumor metastasis, and (19) atherosclerosis.

Dose Ranges

The magnitude of prophylactic or therapeutic dose of a compound of Formula I will, of course, vary with the nature of the severity of the condition to be treated and with the particular compound of Formula I and its route of administration. It will also vary according to the age, weight and response of the individual patient. In general, the daily dose range lie within the range of from about 0.001 mg to about 100 mg per kg body weight of a mammal, preferably 0.01 mg to about 50 mg per kg, and most preferably 0.1 to 10 mg per kg, in single or divided doses. On the other hand, it may be necessary to use dosages outside these limits in some cases. 10 15

For use where a composition for intravenous administration is employed, a suitable dosage range is from about 0.001 mg to about 25 mg (preferably from 0.01 mg to about 1 mg) of a compound of Formula I per kg of body weight per day and for cytoprotective use from about 0.1 mg to about 100 mg (preferably from about 1 mg to about 100 mg and more preferably from about 1 mg to about 10 mg) of a compound of Formula I per kg of body weight per day. 20

In the case where an oral composition is employed, a suitable dosage range is, e.g. from about 0.01 mg to about 100 mg of a compound of Formula I per kg of body weight per day, preferably from about 0.1 mg to about 10 mg per kg and for cytoprotective use from 0.1 mg to about 100 mg (preferably from about 1 mg to about 100 mg and more preferably from about 10 mg to about 100 mg) of a compound of Formula I per kg of body weight per day. 25 30

For the treatment of diseases of the eye, ophthalmic preparations for ocular administration comprising 0.001-1% by weight

solutions or suspensions of the compounds of Formula I in an acceptable ophthalmic formulation may be used.

Pharmaceutical Compositions

5 Another aspect of the present invention provides pharmaceutical compositions which comprises a compound of Formula I and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier. The term "composition", as in pharmaceutical composition, is intended to encompass a product comprising the active ingredient(s), and the inert ingredient(s)
10 (pharmaceutically acceptable excipients) that make up the carrier, as well as any product which results, directly or indirectly, from combination, complexation or aggregation of any two or more of the ingredients, or from dissociation of one or more of the ingredients, or from other types of reactions or interactions of one or more of the
15 ingredients. Accordingly, the pharmaceutical compositions of the present invention encompass any composition made by admixing a compound of Formula I, additional active ingredient(s), and pharmaceutically acceptable excipients.

20 Any suitable route of administration may be employed for providing a mammal, especially a human with an effective dosage of a compound of the present invention. For example, oral, rectal, topical, parenteral, ocular, pulmonary, nasal, and the like may be employed. Dosage forms include tablets, troches, dispersions, suspensions, solutions, capsules, creams, ointments, aerosols, and the like.

25 The pharmaceutical compositions of the present invention comprise a compound of Formula I as an active ingredient or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, and may also contain a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier and optionally other therapeutic ingredients. The term "pharmaceutically acceptable salts" refers to salts
30 prepared from pharmaceutically acceptable non-toxic bases or acids including inorganic bases or acids and organic bases or acids.

 The compositions include compositions suitable for oral, rectal, topical, parenteral (including subcutaneous, intramuscular, and intravenous), ocular (ophthalmic), pulmonary (nasal or buccal

inhalation), or nasal administration, although the most suitable route in any given case will depend on the nature and severity of the conditions being treated and on the nature of the active ingredient. They may be conveniently presented in unit dosage form and prepared by any of the methods well-known in the art of pharmacy.

For administration by inhalation, the compounds of the present invention are conveniently delivered in the form of an aerosol spray presentation from pressurized packs or nebulisers. The compounds may also be delivered as powders which may be formulated and the powder composition may be inhaled with the aid of an insufflation powder inhaler device. The preferred delivery system for inhalation is a metered dose inhalation (MDI) aerosol, which may be formulated as a suspension or solution of a compound of Formula I in suitable propellants, such as fluorocarbons or hydrocarbons.

Suitable topical formulations of a compound of formula I include transdermal devices, aerosols, creams, ointments, lotions, dusting powders, and the like.

In practical use, the compounds of Formula I can be combined as the active ingredient in intimate admixture with a pharmaceutical carrier according to conventional pharmaceutical compounding techniques. The carrier may take a wide variety of forms depending on the form of preparation desired for administration, e.g., oral or parenteral (including intravenous). In preparing the compositions for oral dosage form, any of the usual pharmaceutical media may be employed, such as, for example, water, glycols, oils, alcohols, flavoring agents, preservatives, coloring agents and the like in the case of oral liquid preparations, such as, for example, suspensions, elixirs and solutions; or carriers such as starches, sugars, microcrystalline cellulose, diluents, granulating agents, lubricants, binders, disintegrating agents and the like in the case of oral solid preparations such as, for example, powders, capsules and tablets, with the solid oral preparations being preferred over the liquid preparations. Because of their ease of administration, tablets and capsules represent the most advantageous oral dosage unit form in which case solid

pharmaceutical carriers are obviously employed. If desired, tablets may be coated by standard aqueous or nonaqueous techniques.

In addition to the common dosage forms set out above, the compounds of Formula I may also be administered by controlled release
5 means and/or delivery devices such as those described in U.S. Patent Nos. 3,845,770; 3,916,899; 3,536,809; 3,598,123; 3,630,200 and 4,008,719.

Pharmaceutical compositions of the present invention suitable for oral administration may be presented as discrete units such
10 as capsules, cachets or tablets each containing a predetermined amount of the active ingredient, as a powder or granules or as a solution or a suspension in an aqueous liquid, a non-aqueous liquid, an oil-in-water emulsion or a water-in-oil liquid emulsion. Such compositions may be prepared by any of the methods of pharmacy but all methods include the
15 step of bringing into association the active ingredient with the carrier which constitutes one or more necessary ingredients. In general, the compositions are prepared by uniformly and intimately admixing the active ingredient with liquid carriers or finely divided solid carriers or both, and then, if necessary, shaping the product into the desired
20 presentation. For example, a tablet may be prepared by compression or molding, optionally with one or more accessory ingredients. Compressed tablets may be prepared by compressing in a suitable machine, the active ingredient in a free-flowing form such as powder or granules, optionally mixed with a binder, lubricant, inert diluent,
25 surface active or dispersing agent. Molded tablets may be made by molding in a suitable machine, a mixture of the powdered compound moistened with an inert liquid diluent. Desirably, each tablet contains from about 1 mg to about 500 mg of the active ingredient and each cachet or capsule contains from about 1 to about 500 mg of the active
30 ingredient.

The following are examples of representative pharmaceutical dosage forms for the compounds of Formula I:

	<u>Injectable Suspension (I.M.)</u>	<u>mg/mL</u>
	Compound of Formula I	10
	Methylcellulose	5.0
	Tween 80	0.5
5	Benzyl alcohol	9.0
	Benzalkonium chloride	1.0
	Water for injection to a total volume of 1 mL	
	<u>Tablet</u>	<u>mg/tablet</u>
10	Compound of Formula I	25
	Microcrystalline Cellulose	415
	Povidone	14.0
	Pregelatinized Starch	43.5
	Magnesium Stearate	<u>2.5</u>
15		500
	<u>Capsule</u>	<u>mg/capsule</u>
	Compound of Formula I	25
	Lactose Powder	573.5
20	Magnesium Stearate	<u>1.5</u>
		600
	<u>Aerosol</u>	<u>Per canister</u>
	Compound of Formula I	24 mg
25	Lecithin, NF Liquid Concentrate	1.2 mg
	Trichlorofluoromethane, NF	4.025 g
	Dichlorodifluoromethane, NF	12.15 g
	<u>Combination Therapy</u>	
30	Compounds of Formula I may be used in combination with other drugs that are used in the treatment/prevention/suppression or amelioration of the diseases or conditions for which compounds of Formula I are useful. Such other drugs may be administered, by a route and in an amount commonly used therefor, contemporaneously or	

sequentially with a compound of Formula I. When a compound of Formula I is used contemporaneously with one or more other drugs, a pharmaceutical composition containing such other drugs in addition to the compound of Formula I is preferred. Accordingly, the

5 pharmaceutical compositions of the present invention include those that also contain one or more other active ingredients, in addition to a compound of Formula I. Examples of other active ingredients that may be combined with a compound of Formula I, either administered separately or in the same pharmaceutical compositions, include, but are
10 not limited to:

(a) other VLA-4 antagonists such as those described in US 5,510,332, WO97/03094, WO97/02289, WO96/40781, WO96/22966, WO96/20216, WO96/01644, WO96/06108, WO95/15973 and WO96/31206; (b) steroids such as beclomethasone, methylprednisolone,
15 betamethasone, prednisone, dexamethasone, and hydrocortisone; (c) immunosuppressants such as cyclosporin, tacrolimus, rapamycin and other FK-506 type immunosuppressants; (d) antihistamines (H1-histamine antagonists) such as brompheniramine, chlorpheniramine, dexchlorpheniramine, triprolidine, clemastine, diphenhydramine,
20 diphenylpyraline, tripeleminamine, hydroxyzine, methdilazine, promethazine, trimeprazine, azatadine, cyproheptadine, antazoline, pheniramine pyrilamine, astemizole, terfenadine, loratadine, cetirizine, fexofenadine, descarboethoxyloratadine, and the like; (e) non-steroidal anti-asthmatics such as β 2-agonists (terbutaline, metaproterenol,
25 fenoterol, isoetharine, albuterol, bitolterol, and pirbuterol), theophylline, cromolyn sodium, atropine, ipratropium bromide, leukotriene antagonists (zafirlukast, montelukast, pranlukast, iralukast, pobilukast, SKB-106,203), leukotriene biosynthesis inhibitors (zileuton, BAY-1005); (f) non-steroidal antiinflammatory agents (NSAIDs) such
30 as propionic acid derivatives (alminoprofen, benoxaprofen, bucloxic acid, carprofen, fenbufen, fenoprofen, fluprofen, flurbiprofen, ibuprofen, indoprofen, ketoprofen, miroprofen, naproxen, oxaprozin, piroprofen, pranoprofen, suprofen, tiaprofenic acid, and tioxaprofen), acetic acid derivatives (indomethacin, acemetacin, alclofenac, clidanac,

- diclofenac, fenclofenac, fenclozic acid, fentiazac, furofenac, ibufenac, isoxepac, oxpinac, sulindac, tiopinac, tolmetin, zidometacin, and zomepirac), fenamic acid derivatives (flufenamic acid, meclofenamic acid, mefenamic acid, niflumic acid and tolfenamic acid),
- 5 biphenylcarboxylic acid derivatives (diflunisal and flufenisal), oxicams (isoxicam, piroxicam, sudoxicam and tenoxicam), salicylates (acetyl salicylic acid, sulfasalazine) and the pyrazolones (apazone, bezpiperylon, feprazone, mofebutazone, oxyphenbutazone, phenylbutazone); (g) cyclooxygenase-2 (COX-2) inhibitors; (h) inhibitors of
- 10 phosphodiesterase type IV (PDE-IV); (i) antagonists of the chemokine receptors, especially CCR-1, CCR-2, and CCR-3; (j) cholesterol lowering agents such as HMG-CoA reductase inhibitors (lovastatin, simvastatin and pravastatin, fluvastatin, atorvastatin, and other statins), sequestrants (cholestyramine and colestipol), nicotinic acid, fenofibric
- 15 acid derivatives (gemfibrozil, clofibrat, fenofibrate and benzaifibrate), and probucol; (k) anti-diabetic agents such as insulin, sulfonylureas, biguanides (metformin), α -glucosidase inhibitors (acarbose) and glitazones (troglitazone and pioglitazone); (l) preparations of interferon beta (interferon beta-1a, interferon beta-1b); (m) anticholinergic agents
- 20 such as muscarinic antagonists (ipratropium bromide); (n) other compounds such as 5-aminosalicylic acid and prodrugs thereof, antimetabolites such as azathioprine and 6-mercaptopurine, and cytotoxic cancer chemotherapeutic agents.

- The weight ratio of the compound of the Formula I to the
- 25 second active ingredient may be varied and will depend upon the effective dose of each ingredient. Generally, an effective dose of each will be used. Thus, for example, when a compound of the Formula I is combined with an NSAID the weight ratio of the compound of the
- Formula I to the NSAID will generally range from about 1000:1 to
- 30 about 1:1000, preferably about 200:1 to about 1:200. Combinations of a compound of the Formula I and other active ingredients will generally also be within the aforementioned range, but in each case, an effective dose of each active ingredient should be used.

Compounds of the present invention may be prepared by procedures illustrated in the accompanying schemes. In the first method (Scheme 1), a resin-based synthetic strategy is outlined where the resin employed is represented by the ball (●). An N-Fmoc-protected amino acid derivative **A** (Fmoc = fluorenylmethoxycarbonyl) is loaded on to the appropriate hydroxyl-containing resin using dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (DCC) and 1-hydroxybenzotriazole (HOBt) in dimethylformamide (DMF) to give **B**. The Fmoc protecting group is removed with piperidine in DMF to yield free amine **C**. The next Fmoc-protected amino acid derivative **D** is coupled to **C** employing standard peptide (in this instance, 2-(1H-benzotriazol-1-yl)-1,1,3,3-tetramethyluronium hexafluorophosphate (HBTU), HOBt, and N,N-diisopropylethylamine (DIEA) in DMF) to yield dipeptide **E**. The Fmoc group is removed with piperidine in DMF to yield the free amine **F**. An acid chloride or isocyanate derivative is reacted with **F** in the presence of DIEA to yield **G**. The final product is removed from the resin with strong acid (in this instance, trifluoroacetic acid (TFA) in the presence of thioanisole and dithiane) to yield compounds of the present invention **H**.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \text{Fmoc-N(R}_3\text{)-C(R}_4\text{)(R}_5\text{)-COOH} \xrightarrow[\text{DMF}]{\text{DCC, HOBT}} \text{Fmoc-N(R}_3\text{)-C(R}_4\text{)(R}_5\text{)-COO-Linker} \quad \text{B} \\
 \text{A}
 \end{array}$$

$$\text{B} \xrightarrow[\text{DMF}]{\text{HBTu, HOBT, DIEA}} \text{Fmoc-N(R}_3\text{)-C(R}_4\text{)(R}_5\text{)-COO-Linker} \quad \text{C}$$

$$\text{C} \xrightarrow[\text{DMF}]{\text{HN(CH}_2\text{)}_6} \text{Fmoc-N(R}_3\text{)-C(R}_4\text{)(R}_5\text{)-COO-Linker} \quad \text{D}$$

$$\text{D} \xrightarrow[\text{DMF}]{\text{HN(CH}_2\text{)}_6} \text{Fmoc-N(R}_3\text{)-C(R}_4\text{)(R}_5\text{)-COO-Linker} \quad \text{E}$$

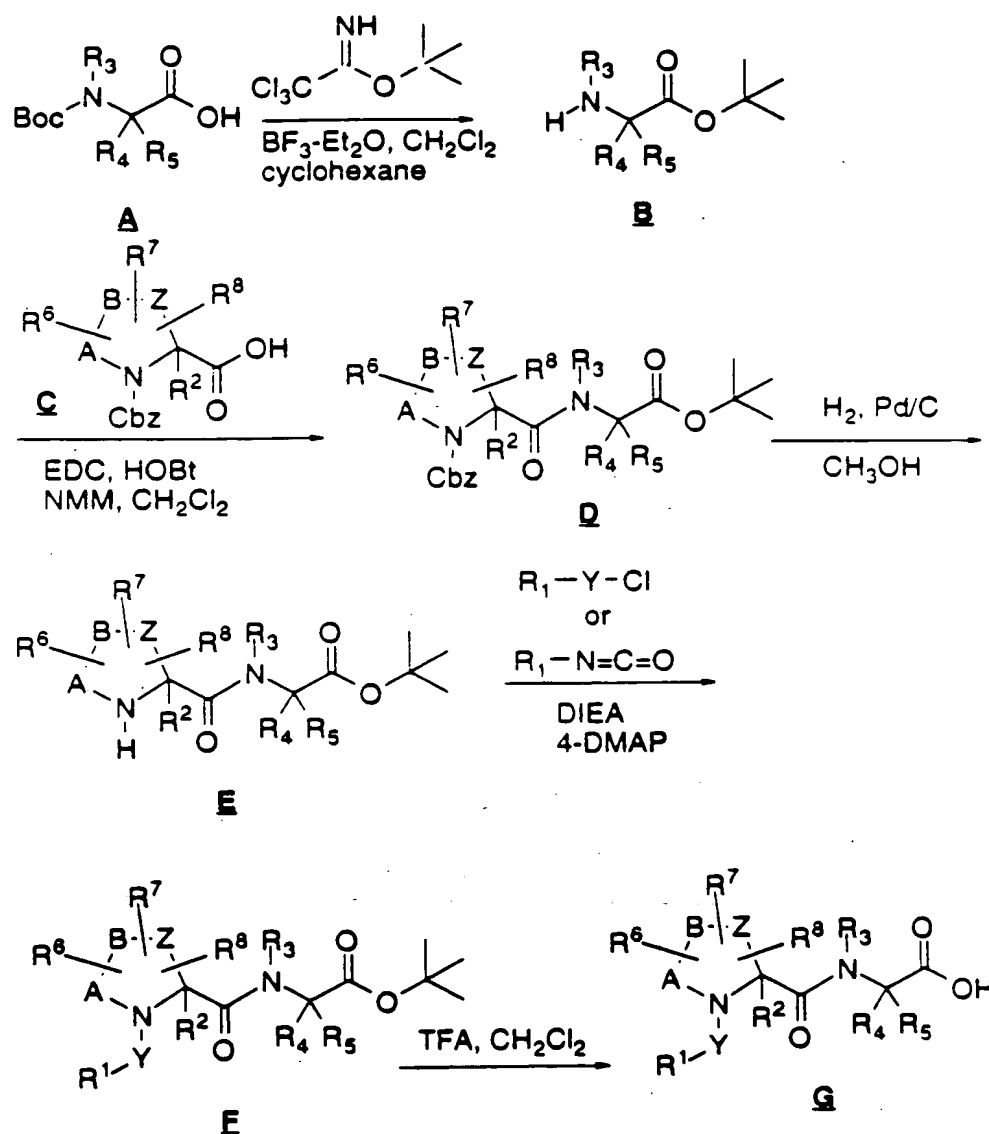
$$\text{E} \xrightarrow[\text{DIEA}]{\text{R}_1\text{-Y-Cl or R}_1\text{-N=C=O}} \text{Fmoc-N(R}_3\text{)-C(R}_4\text{)(R}_5\text{)-COO-Linker} \quad \text{F}$$

$$\text{F} \xrightarrow[\text{HSCHECH}_2\text{SH}]{\text{TFA, PhSCH}_3} \text{Fmoc-N(R}_3\text{)-C(R}_4\text{)(R}_5\text{)-COO-Linker} \quad \text{G}$$

$$\text{G} \xrightarrow[\text{HSCHECH}_2\text{SH}]{\text{TFA, PhSCH}_3} \text{Fmoc-N(R}_3\text{)-C(R}_4\text{)(R}_5\text{)-COO-Linker} \quad \text{H}$$

In the second method (Scheme 2), standard solution phase synthetic methodology is outlined. An N-Boc-protected amino acid derivative **A** (Boc = tert-butyloxycarbonyl) is treated with tert-butyl 2,2,2-trichloroacetimidate in the presence of boron trifluoride etherate to yield tert-butyl ester **B** which is subsequently coupled to Cbz-protected amino acid derivative **C** (Cbz = carbobenzyloxy) in the presence of 1-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-3-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (EDC), HOBT, and N-methylmorpholine (NMM) in methylene chloride (CH₂Cl₂) to yield dipeptide **D**. Catalytic hydrogenation of **D** in the presence of a palladium-on-carbon (Pd/C) catalyst yields **E**. Reaction of **E** with an acylchloride or isocyanate in the presence of DIEA and 4-dimethylaminopyridine (DMAP) yields **F** which is subsequently reacted with strong acid (TFA) to yield the desired product **G**.

Scheme 2



5

**GENERAL PROCEDURE FOR THE SOLID-PHASE SYNTHESIS
OF COMPOUNDS OF FORMULA 1.**

Step A. Loading of N-Fmoc-amino acid derivatives onto resins.

N-Fmoc-amino acids were loaded on either Wang® (Calbiochem-Novabiochem Corp.) or Chloro (2-chlorotriyl) resin. Wang® resin, typically 0.3 mmol, was washed with
5 dimethylformamide three times. A solution of N-Fmoc-amino acid (0.3 mmol) in dimethylformamide (3 mL) was transferred to the pre-swollen Wang® resin. Dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (0.3 mmol) and 1-N-hydroxybenzotriazole (0.3 mmol) was added and the mixture
10 gently swirled for 2 hours. Following filtration, the resin was sequentially washed with dimethylformamide (3 times) and dichloromethane (3 times). The amino acid substitution value obtained after vacuum drying typically ranged between 0.07 to 0.1 mmol.

Alternatively, Chloro (2-chlorotriyl) resin, typically 0.2
15 mmol, was pre-swollen in dimethylformamide. A solution of N-Fmoc-amino acid (0.2 mmol) in dimethylformamide (3 ml) was added to the resin, followed by the addition of N,N-diisopropylethylamine (0.4 mmol). The resin was gently stirred for 2 hours, filtered and washed sequentially with dimethylformamide (3
20 times) and dichloromethane (3 times). The resin was finally washed with 10% methanol in dichloromethane and vacuum dried. The amino acid substitution value obtained after vacuum drying typically ranged between 0.05 to 0.1 mmol.

25 Step B. Deprotection of the N-Fmoc group.

The N-Fmoc protecting group was removed from the resin from Step A by treatment with 20% piperidine in dimethylformamide for 30 minutes. Following filtration, the resin
was washed sequentially with dimethylformamide (3 times),
30 dichloromethane (1 time) and dimethylformamide (2 times) and used in the subsequent reaction.

Step C. Coupling of the next N-Fmoc-amino acid derivative

A solution of the next desired N-Fmoc-amino acid derivative (0.4 mmol) in dimethylformamide (2 mL) was mixed with 2-(1H-benzotriazol-1-yl)-1,1,3,3-tetramethyluronium hexafluorophosphate (0.4 mmol), 1-hydroxybenzotriazole (0.4 mmol) and diisopropylethylamine (0.6 mmol). This solution was transferred to resin from Step B and typically allowed to react for 2 hours. Couplings were monitored by ninhydrin reaction. The coupling mixture was filtered and the resin washed with dimethylformamide (3 times) and used in the subsequent reaction.

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Step D. Deprotection of the N-Fmoc group.

The N-Fmoc protecting group was removed from the resin from Step C by the procedure described in Step B and used in the subsequent reaction.

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Step E. Acylation (or sulfonylation) of the terminal amino group.

The desired N-terminal capping reagent (sulfonyl chloride or acyl chloride, or isocyanate) (0.4 mol) was dissolved in dimethylformamide (2 ml), mixed with N,N-diisopropylethylamine (0.8 mmol) and added to the resin from Step D. After approximately two hours, the resin was sequentially washed with dimethylformamide (3 times) and dichloromethane (3 times).

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25 Step F. Cleavage of the desired products from the resins.

The final desired products were cleaved from the resins from Step E by gently stirring with a solution of trifluoroacetic acid:thioanisole:ethanedithiol (95:2.5:2.5); 3 hours for Wang® resin and 30 minutes for the Chloro (2-chlorotriyl) resin. Following filtration, the solvents were removed by evaporation and the residue dissolved in acetonitrile (3 mL). Insoluble material was removed by filtration. The final products were purified by reverse phase chromatography with a linear gradient of buffer A (0.1% trifluoroacetic acid in water) and buffer B (0.1% trifluoroacetic acid

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in acetonitrile) and isolated by lyophilization. Molecular ions were obtained by electrospray ionization mass spectrometry or matrix-assisted laser desorption ionization time-of-flight mass spectrometry to confirm the structure of each peptide.

5 The following compounds were prepared by the general procedures described above using the appropriate amino acid derivatives and acyl or sulfonyl chloride or alkyl or aryl isocyanate:

Example	Compound Name	MS *
(1)	N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-leucine	491
(2)	N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-arginine	534
(3)	N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-glutamic acid	507
(4)	N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-glycine	435
(5)	N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-(1-naphthyl)alanine	575
(6)	N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)- α -t-butylglycine	491
(7)	N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-3-(2-thienyl)alanine	531
(8)	N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-cyclohexylalanine	531

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| (9) | N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine | 575 |
| (10) | N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl- β -alanine | 449 |
| (11) | N-(3,3-diphenylpropanoyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine | 498 |
| (12) | N-(2,4-dinitrobenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine | 521 |
| (13) | N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-3,3-diphenylalanine | 601 |
| (14) | N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3-carboxylic acid | 537 |
| (15) | N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-proline | 475 |
| (16) | N-dansyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine | 511 |
| (17) | N-(2-naphthalenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine | 481 |
| (18) | N-(4-methoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine | 461 |
| (19) | N-(4-phenylbenzoyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine | 471 |
| (20) | N-(3,4-dimethylbenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-cysteine | 481 |

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| (21) | N-(4-t-butylbenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine | 487 |
| (22) | N-(2,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine | 498 |
| (23) | N-(2-mesitylenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine | 473 |
| (24) | N-(p-toluenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine | 444 |
| (25) | N-(4-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine | 465 |
| (26) | N-(N'-acetylsulfanilyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine | 488 |
| (27) | N-(4-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine | 449 |
| (28) | N-(1-naphthalenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine | 481 |
| (29) | N-(benzylsulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine | 445 |
| (30) | N-(4-nitrobenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine | 476 |
| (31) | N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-phenylalanine | 525 |

(32)	N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-glutamine	506
(33)	N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-(4-nitrophenyl)alanine	570
(34)	N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-asparagine	492
(35)	N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-methionine	509
(36)	N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-homophenylalanine	539
(37)	N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(D)-norleucine	491
(38)	N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-(4-fluorophenyl)alanine	543
(39)	N-(3-toluenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine	445
(40)	N-(4-trifluoromethylbenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine	499
(41)	N-(4-n-propylbenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine	473
(42)	N-(4-isopropylbenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine	473

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| (43) | N-(2,6-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine | 499 |
| (44) | N-(4-ethylbenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine | 459 |
| (45) | N-(2,4-difluorobenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine | 467 |
| (46) | N-(2-cyanobenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine | 456 |
| (47) | N-(4-tert-amylbenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine | 501 |
| (48) | N-(4-chloro-3-nitrobenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine | 510 |
| (49) | N-(3-cyanobenzoyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine | 420 |
| (50) | N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine | 499 |
| (51) | N-(3,4-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine | 499 |
| (52) | N-(2-trifluoromethylbenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine | 499 |
| (53) | N-(2,3-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine | 499 |

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| (54) | N-(2,4-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine | 499 |
| (55) | N-(2,5-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine | 491 |
| (56) | N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-serine | 465 |
| (57) | N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-isoleucine | 491 |
| (58) | N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-tryptophan | 564 |
| (59) | N-(2,1,3-benzothiadiazole-4-sulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-tryptophan | 489 |
| (60) | N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-3-(3-pyridyl)alanine | 526 |
| (61) | N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine, ethyl ester | 603 |
| (62) | N-acetyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine | 333 |
| (63) | N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(R)-carbonyl-(D)-norleucine | 491 |
| (64) | N-propionyl-(L)-prolyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine | 348 |
| (65) | N-(4-cyanobenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine | 456 |

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| (66) | N-(benzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine | 431 |
| (67) | N-(3-nitrobenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine | 476 |
| (68) | N-(3-trifluoromethylbenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine | 499 |
| (69) | N-(2-thienylsulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine | 437 |
| (70) | N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-N-methyllleucine | 505 |
| (71) | N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-citrulline | 535 |
| (72) | N-(4-iodobenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine | 557 |
| (73) | N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-(3-iodo)tyrosine | 613 |
| (74) | N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-(3-pyridyl)alanine | 472 |
| (75) | N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-phenylalanine | 471 |
| (76) | N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-glutamic acid | 453 |
| (77) | N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-arginine | 480 |
| (78) | N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)alanine | 541 |

- (79) N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)- 549
3-(2-naphthyl)alanine, ethyl ester
- (80) N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)- 550
3-(4-bromophenyl)alanine
- (81) N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)- 516
3-(4-nitrophenyl)alanine
- (82) N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)- 478
3-(4-thiazolyl)alanine
- (83) N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)- 507
3-(2-chlorophenyl)alanine
- (84) N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)- 507
3-(4-chlorophenyl)alanine
- (85) N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)- 496
3-(4-cyanophenyl)alanine
- (86) N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)- 586
tyrosine, O-sulfate
- (87) N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)- 739
3,5-diiodotyrosine
- (88) N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)- 488
tyrosine
- (89) N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)- 438
aspartic acid
- (90) N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)- 510
tryptophan
- (91) N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)- 454
methionine
- (92) N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl- 429
(L)-norleucine
- (93) N-(3,5-di(trifluoromethyl)benzenesulfonyl)-(L)- 589
prolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine
- (94) N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-(L)- 531
thiaprolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine
- (95) N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-(L)- 447
thiaprolyl-(L)-norleucine

(96)	N-[4-(N'-2-toluyllureido)phenylacetyl]-(L)-thiaprolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine	597
(97)	N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-thiaprolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine	539
(98)	N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-pipecolinyll-(L)-norleucine	443
(99)	N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-pipecolinyll-(L)-norleucine, ethyl ester	471
(100)	N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-pipecolinyll-(L)-homophenylalanine	499
(101)	N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-pipecolinyll-(L)-(3-iodo)tyrosine	626
(102)	N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-pipecolinyll-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine	535
(103)	N-[4-(N'-2-toluyllureido)phenylacetyl]-(L)-pipecolinyll-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine	593
(104)	N-[3,5-di(trifluoromethyl)benzenesulfonyl]-(L)-pipecolinyll-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine	603
(105)	N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-pipecolinyll-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine, ethyl ester	555
(106)	N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-octahydroisoquinoline-3-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine	483
(107)	N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-azetidine-2-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine	415
(108)	N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(S)-hydroxypropyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine	537
(109)	N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(S)-hydroxypropyl-(L)-norleucine	445
(110)	N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-3,4-dehydropropyl-(L)-norleucine	427

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| (111) | N-(3-bis(N,N-benzenesulfonyl)aminobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-norleucine | |
| (112) | N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-(4-pyridyl)alanine | 472.2 |
| (113) | N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(R)-aminoprolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine | 536.1 |
| (114) | N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-3,4-dehydroprolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine | 487.2 |
| (114) | N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine | 455.1 |
| (115) | N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(R)-hydroxyprolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine | 505.2 |
| (116) | N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-thiaprolyl-(L)-tyrosine | 505.0 |
| (117) | N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-thiaprolyl-(L)-3-iodotyrosine | 631.0 |
| (118) | N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-thiaprolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine | 489.3 |
| (119) | N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-pipecolinyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine | 485.4 |
| (120) | N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-thiaprolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine | 457.2 |
| (121) | N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine | 439.2 |
| (122) | N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-3,4-dehydroprolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine | 453.3 |
| (123) | N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(R)-hydroxyprolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine | 455.0 |
| (124) | N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(R)-hydroxyprolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine | 471.0 |
| (125) | N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-pipecolinyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine | 503.1 |

(126)	N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-3,4-dehydroprolyl-(L)-tyrosine	435.3
(127)	N-(4,5-dichloro-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-tyrosine	493.2
(128)	N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(R)-hydroxyprolyl-(L)-tyrosine	453.2
(129)	N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(R)-hydroxyprolyl-(L)-tyrosine	469.2
(130)	N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-pipecolinyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine	453.3
(131)	N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(R)-hydroxyprolyl-(L)-tyrosine, O-tert-butyl ether	509.1
(132)	N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(R)-hydroxyprolyl-(L)-tyrosine, O-tert-butyl ether	525.3
(133)	N-(4,5-dichloro-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-3,4-dehydroprolyl-(L)-tyrosine	491.1
(134)	N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-3-methylprolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine	503.1
(135)	N-(4,5-dichloro-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-3,4-dehydroprolyl-(L)-tyrosine	485.1
(136)	N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-3,4-dehydroprolyl-(L)-tyrosine, O-tert-butyl ether	491.1
(137)	N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-3,4-dehydroprolyl-(L)-tyrosine, O-tert-butyl ether	507.3
(138)	N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-2(S)-methylprolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine	469.1
(139)	N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-2(S)-methylprolyl-(L)-tyrosine	467.3
(140)	N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-2(S)-methylprolyl-(L)-tyrosine, O-tert-butyl ether	523.2
(141)	N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-2(S)-methylprolyl-(L)-tyrosine	501.0
(142)	N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-iodotyrosine	563.1

(143)	N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-iodotyrosine	579.0
(144)	N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-phenylalanine	421.1
(145)	N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-phenylalanine	437.3
(146)	N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-phenylalanine	471.2
(147)	N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(R)-hydroxyprolyl-(L)-phenylalanine	437.3
(148)	N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(R)-hydroxyprolyl-(L)-phenylalanine	453.2
(149)	N-(4,5-dichloro-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-3,4-dehydroprolyl-(L)-3-(4-pyridyl)alanine	476.1
(150)	N-(4,5-dichloro-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-thiaprolyl-(L)-3-(4-pyridyl)alanine	495.9
(151)	N-(4,5-dichloro-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-3,4-dehydroprolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine	492.9
(152)	N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(R)-hydroxyprolyl-(L)-phenylalanine	487.1
(153)	N-(3-trifluoromethylbenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine	489.3
(154)	N-(3-trifluoromethylbenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-thiaprolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine	507.0
(155)	N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-3,4-dehydroprolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine	437.1
(156)	N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-tyrosine, O-phosphoric acid	567.0
(157)	N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(R)-aminoprolyl-(L)-tyrosine	468.3
(158)	N-(4,5-dichloro-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-thiaprolyl-(L)-tyrosine	510.9
(159)	N-(N ₁ -methyl-4-imidazolesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine	425.3

(160)	N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(D)-prolyl-(D)-4-fluorophenylalanine	489.1
(161)	N-(4,5-dichloro-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(R)-aminoprolyl-(L)-3-(4-pyridyl)alanine	492.9
(162)	N-(5-(5-trifluoromethyl-2-pyridylsulfonyl)-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine	636.1
(163)	N-(5-(N-(4-chlorobenzoyl)aminomethyl))-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine	575.1
(164)	N-(5-(3-(1-methyl-5-trifluoromethyl-pyrazoyl))-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine	594.0
(165)	N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-2(S)-methylprolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine	507.3
(166)	N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(R)-aminoprolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine	454.2
(167)	N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(R)-aminoprolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine	504.3
(168)	N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(R)-aminoprolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine	470.1
(169)	N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(S)-aminoprolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine	504.0
(170)	N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-thiaprolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine	473.3
(171)	N-(4-bromo-5-chloro-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine	540.9
(172)	N-(4,5-dichloro-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine	513.0
(173)	N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-thiaprolyl-(L)-3,5-diiodotyrosine	756.7
(174)	N-(5-benzoylaminomethyl-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine	560.1

(175)	N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine	509.3
(176)	N-(5-benzenesulfonyl-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine	567.0
(177)	N-(3-bromo-5-chloro-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine	540.9
(178)	N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-3,4-dehydroprolyl-(L)-tyrosine	451.2
(179)	N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-homophenylalanine	485.3
(180)	N-(4-benzenesulfonyl-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine	621.1
(181)	N-(5-benzoylaminoethyl-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine	614.2
(182)	N-(trans-2-phenyl-ethylene-sulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine	501.3
(183)	N-(5-benzenesulfonyl-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine	621.1
(184)	N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-thiaprolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine	511.2
(185)	N-(α -toluenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine	489.3
(186)	N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-cysteine	426.2
(187)	N-(1-methyl-4-imidazolylsulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine	479.1
(188)	N-(4-(N-(4-dimethylaminophenyl)diazobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine	622.0
(189)	N-(5-(4-trifluoromethylbenzenesulfonyl)-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine	690.2
(190)	N-(3-bromobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine	553.2

(191)	N-(4-methylsulfonyl-benzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine	499.2
(192)	N-(4-methoxybenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine	505.2
(193)	N-(4,5-dichloro-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-fluorophenylalanine	495.0
(194)	N-(5-chloro-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine	461.1
(195)	N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-thiaprolyl-(L)-tyrosine	471.0
(196)	N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-2(S)-methylprolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine	558.6
(197)	N-(1(R)-(+)-10-camphorsulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine	549.3
(198)	N-(1(S)-(+)-10-camphorsulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine	549.3
(199)	N-(3,4-methylenedioxy-phenylacetyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine	497.2
(200)	N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(R)-hydroxyprolyl-(L)-tyrosine-O-sulfate	551.0
(201)	N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-thiaprolyl-(L)-tyrosine-O-sulfate	553.7
(202)	N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-cysteine	427.2
(203)	N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-N-methyl-isoleucine	451.2
(204)	N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(R)-aminoprolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine	558.3
(205)	N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(R)-aminoprolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine	524.4
(206)	N-(3-cyanobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-tyrosine	444.3
(207)	N-benzenesulfonyl-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine	475.5

(208)	N-(4-methylsulfonylbenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine	553.2
(209)	N-(4,5-dichloro-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(R)-aminoprolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine	564.3
(210)	N-(4,5-dichloro-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(R)-aminoprolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine	510.1
(211)	N-(9-fluorenylmethyloxycarbonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-phenylalanine	485
(212)	N-(benzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-phenylalanine	403
(213)	N-(n-octyl-1-sulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-phenylalanine	418
(214)	N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-5(R)-phenylprolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine	515
(215)	N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-3(R)-phenyl-prolyl-(L)-4-iodophenylalanine	582
(216)	N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-1-carbonyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine	568
(217)	N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-1,3-dihydroisoindolyl-1-carbonyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine	554
(218)	N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-[3.1.0]-3-azabicyclohexane-2-carbonyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine	518

* m/e: (M + 1 (H⁺))⁺ or (M + 18 (NH₄⁺))⁺

EXAMPLE 219

5

N-(3,5-Dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-Prolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine.

Step A: (L)-3-(2-Naphthyl)alanine, tert-butyl ester, hydrochloride.

To a solution of N-Boc-2-naphthylalanine (1.0 g, 3.17 mmol) in a mixture of methylene chloride (7 mL) and cyclohexane (14 mL) were added t-butyl trichloroacetimidate (0.60 mL, 3.35 mmol) and boron trifluoride-etherate (60 μ L, 0.473 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred for 5 hours at room temperature under a nitrogen atmosphere and then treated a second time with the same amounts of t-butyl trichloroacetimidate and boron trifluoride-etherate as above. After stirring overnight, the mixture was filtered and the filtrate evaporated. The product was obtained pure by silica gel chromatography eluting with 10% diethyl ether in hexane; yield 843 mg. The product was treated with 1M HCl in ethyl acetate (11.5 mL) for 18 hours at room temperature. The mixture was evaporated and coevaporated several times with diethyl ether to afford the title compound; yield 670 mg.
400 MHz ^1H NMR (CD_3OD): δ 1.38 (s, 9H); 3.29-3.46 (m, 2H); 4.28 (t, 1H); 7.40-7.90 (m, 7H).

Step B: N-(Benzyloxycarbonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine, tert-butyl ester.

To a solution of N-(benzyloxycarbonyl)-(L)-proline (536 mg, 2.15 mmol) in methylene chloride (25 mL) were added 1-hydroxybenzotriazole (434 mg, 3.21 mmol), N-methylmorpholine (0.353 mL, 3.21 mmol), and (L)-2-naphthylalanine tert-butyl ester hydrochloride (660 mg, 2.14 mmol). After cooling in an ice-bath for 5 minutes, 1-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-3-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (EDC) (493 mg, 2.57 mmol) was added. After 15 minutes, the cooling bath was removed and the mixture stirred overnight under a nitrogen atmosphere. The mixture was diluted with methylene chloride, washed with water, 2N HCl, saturated NaHCO_3 solution, saturated brine solution, dried (MgSO_4), and evaporated. Silica gel chromatography eluting with 30% ethyl acetate in hexane afforded pure title compound; yield 877 mg (81%).

Step C: (L)-Prolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine, tert-butyl ester.

A solution of N-(benzyloxycarbonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-2-naphthylalanine tert-butyl ester (870 mg, 1.73 mmol) in methanol (30 mL) was hydrogenated under an atmosphere of hydrogen gas in the presence of 10% palladium-on-charcoal (75 mg) until complete disappearance of starting material (several hours) as indicated by TLC (30% ethyl acetate in hexane). The catalyst was removed by filtration through Celite, the filter washed with methanol, and the combined filtrate and washings evaporated to afford an oil that crystallized upon standing; yield 604 mg (95%).
400 MHz ¹H NMR (CD₃OD): δ 1.40 (s, 9H); 2.00 (m, 1H); 2.79 (m, 2H); 3.16 (dd, 1H); 3.58 (dd, 1H); 4.67 (dd, 1H); 7.32-7.81 (m, 7H).

Step D: N-(3,5-Dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine, tert-butyl ester.

To a solution of (L)-prolyl-(L)-2-naphthylalanine tert-butyl ester (400 mg, 1.09 mmol) in methylene chloride (10 mL) were added N,N-diisopropylethylamine (470 μL, 2.70 mmol), 4-dimethylaminopyridine (13 mg, 0.106 mmol), and 3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl chloride (320 mg, 1.30 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred for 2 hours at room temperature, diluted with methylene chloride, washed with water, 2N HCl, saturated NaHCO₃ solution, saturated brine solution, dried (MgSO₄), and evaporated.

Pure title compound was obtained by silica gel chromatography eluting with 20% ethyl acetate in hexane; yield 501 mg (80%).
400 MHz ¹H NMR (CD₃OD): δ 1.40 (s, 9H); 1.53-1.89 (m, 4H); 3.20-3.45 (m, 4H); 4.20 (dd, 1H); 4.69 (dd, 1H); 7.40-7.80 (m, 10H).

Step E: N-(3,5-Dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-Prolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine.

A cooled solution of N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-2-naphthylalanine tert-butyl ester (497 mg, 0.861

mmol) in methylene chloride (25 mL) was treated with trifluoroacetic acid (3.5 mL, 0.045 mol). The cooling bath was removed, and the mixture was stirred until TLC (25% ethyl acetate in hexane) indicated complete disappearance of starting material.

- 5 The reaction mixture was then evaporated, coevaporated with methylene chloride (3X), toluene (2X), and finally methanol. The product was dried under high vacuum; yield 445 mg (99%).

MS: m/e 521 (M); 537 (M + NH₃)

- 400 MHz ¹H NMR (CD₃OD): δ 1.51-1.87 (m, 4H); 3.19-3.46 (m, 4H); 4.20 (dd, 1H); 4.80 (dd, 1H); 7.39-7.82 (m, 10H).

The following compounds were prepared by the procedures described in Example 219 using the appropriate amino acid derivatives and acyl or sulfonyl chloride or alkyl or aryl isocyanate:

Example	Compound Name	MS *
(220)	N-[4-(N'-2-toluy lureido)phenylacetyl-(L)-prolyl-(L)-norleucine	495
(221)	N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzoyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-norleucine	393
(222)	N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-pipecolinyl-(L)-tryptophan	516
(223)	N-(4-nitrobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-norleucine	414
(224)	N-[3,5-di(trifluoromethyl)benzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-norleucine	505
(225)	N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-norleucine	437
(226)	N-(3-trifluoromethylbenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-norleucine	437
(227)	N-[4-(benzoylamino)benzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-norleucine	488

(228)	N-(4-methoxy-3,5-dinitrobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-norleucine	488
(229)	N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-norleucine	402
(230)	N-(3-trifluoromethylbenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine	521
(231)	N-(3-nitrobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-norleucine	414
(232)	N-(3-cyanobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-norleucine	394
(233)	N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-tryptophan	510
(234)	N-(3-methylbenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-norleucine	383
(235)	N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-3(S)-methyl-prolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine	535
(236)	N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine	488
(237)	N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine	471
(238)	N-phenylacetyl-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine	431
(239)	N-(3-phenylpropionyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine	445
(240)	N-(phenylaminocarbonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine	432
(241)	N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-2-methyl-prolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)-alanine	535
(242)	N-(benzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine	453
817554 (243)	N-(4-N'-phenylureidobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine	587
(244)	N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-5,5-dimethyl-prolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine	499

(245)	N-(4-N'-(2-toluy)ureidobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine	601
(246)	N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-iodophenylalanine	547
(247)	N-(4-N'-benzylureidobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine	601
(248)	N-(phenyloxalyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine	445
(249)	N-(benzylaminocarbonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine	445
(250)	N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-2(S)-methylprolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine	470
(251)	N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-2(S)-methylprolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine	520
(252)	N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-phenylalaninamide-N-methylsulfonamide	565
(253)	N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-2(S)-methylprolyl-(L)-4-iodophenylalanine	628
(254)	N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-phenylalanine	261**
(255)	N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-5-methylprolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine	520
(256)	N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-3-phenylazetidiny carbonyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine	568
(257)	N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-2(S)-allylprolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine	529

* m/e: (M + 1 (H⁺))⁺ or (M + 18 (NH₄⁺))⁺

** (M - 159: N/SO₂Ar cleavage)

N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-(4'-fluorobenzoyl)phenylalanine

Step A: 4-Iodo-(L)-Phenylalanine, tert-butyl ester hydrochloride.

5 To a suspension of N-Boc-4-iodo-(L)-phenylalanine (1.0 g, 2.56 mmol) in methylene chloride (7 mL) and cyclohexane (14 mL) were added t-butyl trichloroacetimidate (0.48 mL, 2.68 mmol) and boron trifluoride-etherate (48 μ L). The reaction mixture was stirred for 5 hours at room temperature under a nitrogen atmosphere and then
10 treated a second time with the same amounts of t-butyl trichloroacetimidate and boron trifluoride-etherate as above. After stirring overnight, a third addition was made, and the mixture was stirred a further 3 hours. The mixture was then filtered and the filtrate evaporated. The product was obtained pure by silica gel
15 chromatography eluting with 10% diethyl ether in hexane; yield 650 mg. The product was treated with 1M HCl in ethyl acetate (7.3 mL) for 18 hours at room temperature. The mixture was evaporated and coevaporated several times with diethyl ether to afford the title compound; yield 522 mg.
20 400 MHz ^1H NMR (CD_3OD): δ 1.42 (s, 9H); 3.13 (d, 2H); 4.18 (t, 1H); 7.09 (d, 2H); 7.75 (d, 2H).

Step B: N-(3,5-Dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-proline

To a mixture of (L)-proline methyl ester hydrochloride (838
25 mg, 5.06 mmol) in methylene chloride (25 mL) at 0°C were added N,N-diisopropylethylamine (2.64 mL, 15.2 mmol) and a solution of 3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl chloride (1.49 g, 6.07 mmol) in methylene chloride (5 mL). The cooling bath was removed, and the mixture was stirred overnight at room temperature. It was then diluted with
30 methylene chloride, washed with 1N hydrochloric acid, saturated NaHCO_3 , saturated brine solution, dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and evaporated. The methyl ester was obtained pure by silica gel chromatography eluting with 10% acetone in hexane; yield 1.49 g. It was then taken up in ethanol (50 mL) and treated with 0.2 N sodium

hydroxide (26.6 mL) for 1.5 hours at room temperature. The mixture was acidified with glacial acetic acid, concentrated, the residue taken up in methylene chloride, washed with water, saturated brine solution, dried (Na₂SO₄), and evaporated to give the title compound; yield 1.4 g.
 5 400 MHz ¹H NMR (CD₃OD): δ 1.80-2.15 (m, 4H); 3.35-4.45 (m, 2H); 4.30 (dd, 1H); 7.76 (m, 1H); 7.83 (m, 2H).

Step C: N-(3,5-Dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-iodophenylalanine, tert-butyl ester.

10 To a solution of N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-proline (386 mg, 1.19 mmol) in methylene chloride (23 mL) were added 1-hydroxybenzotriazole (241 mg, 1.79 mmol), N-methylmorpholine (0.33 mL, 2.98 mmol), and 4-iodo-(L)-phenylalanine tert-butyl ester hydrochloride (458 mg, 1.19 mmol). After cooling in an ice-bath for 5
 15 minutes, 1-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-3-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (EDC) (274 mg, 1.43 mmol) was added. After 15 minutes, the cooling bath was removed, and the mixture was stirred overnight under a nitrogen atmosphere. The mixture was diluted with methylene chloride, washed with water, 1N HCl, saturated NaHCO₃ solution, saturated brine
 20 solution, dried (MgSO₄), and evaporated. Silica gel chromatography eluting with 20% ethyl acetate in hexane afforded pure title compound; yield 651 mg (84%).

MS: m/e 653 (M + 1)

400 MHz ¹H NMR (CD₃OD): δ 1.45 (s, 9H); 1.65-1.85 (m, 4H); 3.0
 25 (dd, 1H); 3.13 (dd, 1H); 3.45 (m, 1H); 4.20 (m, 1H); 4.55 (dd, 1H); 7.05 (d, 2H); 7.64 (d, 2H); 7.80 (s, 3H).

Step D: N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-(4'-fluorobenzoyl)phenylalanine, tert-butyl ester.

30 A solution of N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-4-iodo-(L)-phenylalanine tert-butyl ester (100 mg, 0.15 mmol), 4-fluorobenzeneboronic acid (23 mg, 0.16 mmol), potassium carbonate (62 mg, 0.45 mmol), bis(triphenylphosphine)-palladium(II) chloride (4 mg, 0.0057 mmol) in anisole (4 mL) was flushed with nitrogen, then flushed

with CO, and a balloon of CO was attached. The solution was then stirred at 80°C for 5 hours on a timer overnight. The following day the solution was diluted with methylene chloride, washed once with H₂O, once with brine, dried over MgSO₄, and solvent removed in vacuo. The
 5 desired product was obtained by silica gel chromatography eluting with methylene chloride, followed by 10% ethyl acetate in methylene chloride; yield 70 mg(72%)
 MS: m/e 666.2 (M+H+NH₃)
 400 MHz ¹H NMR (CD₃OD): δ 1.46(s,9H); 1.65-1.95(m,4H); 3.05-3.15
 10 (dd,1H); 3.47(m,1H); 4.2(dd,1H); 4.65(m,1H); 7.20(t,2H); 7.45(d,2H); 7.70(d,2H);7.76-7.85(m,5H)

Step E: N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-(4'-fluorobenzoyl)phenylalanine

15 A solution of N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-(4-fluorobenzoyl)phenylalanine, tert-butyl ester(23 mg, 0.035 mmol) in methylene chloride(1.2 mL) was cooled in ice bath. Trifluoroacetic acid (0.167 mL, 2.17 mmol) was then added, and ice bath was removed and reaction mixture was allowed to stir overnight at
 20 room temperature. The reaction mixture was then evaporated, coevaporated with methylene chloride(2X), toluene(2X), and methanol(2X). The product was obtained pure by eluting with 20% ethyl acetate in methylene chloride, followed by 8% methanol in methylene chloride; yield 19 mg(91%)
 25 MS: m/e 609.8(M+H+NH₃)
 400 Mhz ¹H NMR (CD₃OD): δ 1.6-1.95(m,4H): 3.1-3.45(m,4H): 4.17 (dd,1H): 4.55(m,1H): 7.2(t,2H): 7.4(d,2H): 7.66(d,2H): 7.78-7.85(m,5H)

30 The following compounds were prepared by the procedures described in Example 256 using the appropriate arylboronic acid derivative in Step D:

Example	Compound Name	MS *
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(259) N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)- 604.8
4'-(2-methoxybenzoyl)phenylalanine

* m/e: (M + 1 (H⁺))⁺ or (M + 18 (NH₄⁺))⁺

EXAMPLE 260

5

N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-(4-
fluorobenzyl)phenylalanine

10 Step A: N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-
(4-fluoro-a-hydroxybenzyl)phenylalanine, tert-butyl ester.

A solution of N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-(4-fluorobenzoyl)phenylalanine (38 mg) in methanol (5 mL) was cooled to 0°C. Sodium borohydride (3 mg) was added. After stirring for 20 min, the solvent was removed by rotoevaporation and the residue dissolved in dichloromethane (30 mL). The solution was successively washed with water and saturated salt solution and dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate. The mixture was filtered and the solvent was removed by rotoevaporation. The title compound (38 mg) was recovered and used with no further purification in the subsequent reaction.

25 Step B: N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-
(4-fluorobenzyl)phenylalanine

A solution of N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-(4-fluorophenyl-hydroxymethyl)phenylalanine, tert-butyl ester (38 mg) and triethylsilane (21 µL) in anhydrous dichloromethane was flushed with dry nitrogen for five minutes. The solution was then cooled in an ice bath and boron trifluoride etherate (16 uL) was added. After stirring for 3 hours, methanol (1 mL) was added and the solvent was removed by rotoevaporation. The residue was dissolved in ethyl

acetate and the solution successively washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution and saturated salt solution and then dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate. After the mixture was filtered, the solvent was removed by rotoevaporation. The residue was purified by
 5 flash column chromatography on silica gel eluted with 97.75% dichloromethane, 2% methanol and 0.25% acetic acid to yield the title compound (14 mg).

M/S: m/e 608.3 (M + NH₄).

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₃OD): δ 1.5-1.7 (m, 2H), 1.75-1.82 (m, 2H),
 10 2.95-3.05 (m, 1H), 3.2-3.4 (m, 3H), 3.88 (s, 2H), 4.1-4.2 (m, 1H), 4.6-4.7 (m, 1H), 6.90 (t, J= 9, 2H), 7.1-7.22 (m, 6H), 7.72 (s, 2H), 7.76 (s, 1H).

15 The following compounds were prepared by the procedures described in Example 260:

Example	Compound Name	MS *
(261)	N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-(2-methoxybenzyl)phenylalanine	608.3
20	* m/e: (M + 1 (H ⁺)) ⁺ or (M + 18 (NH ₄ ⁺)) ⁺	

EXAMPLE 262

25 N-(3,5-Dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-(2-nitrophenoxy)-phenylalanine

Step A: N-Boc-4-(2-nitrophenoxy)-(L)-phenylalanine, methyl ester

To a solution of N-Boc-(L)-tyrosine, methyl ester (500 mg)
 30 and potassium carbonate (467 mg) in dimethylformamide (5 mL) was added dropwise 1-fluoro-2-nitrobenzene (189 uL). The yellow solution

was stirred for 3 days at room temperature. The mixture was diluted with ether which was subsequently washed with 1N hydrochloric acid, water, saturated salt solution and dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate. After filtration, the solvent was removed by rotoevaporation to yield the title compound (700 mg) which was used in the subsequent reaction without further purification.

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₃OD): δ 1.38 (s, 9H), 3.85-3.15 (m, 2 H), 4.3-4.4(m, 1H), 6.95-7.1 (m, 3H), 7.24-7.3(m, 3H), 7.55-7.61 (t, 1H), 7.97-7.97(m, 1H).

Step B: 4-(2-nitrophenoxy)-(L)-phenylalanine, methyl ester hydrochloride

N-Boc-4-(2-nitrophenoxy)-(L)-phenylalanine, methyl ester (600 mg) was stirred in a solution of 1N hydrochloric acid in ethyl acetate (10 mL) for 18 hours at room temperature. A precipitate formed, the solvent was removed by rotoevaporation, and co-evaporated with Et₂O (2x). The solid was then suspended with ethyl acetate, filtered, washed with diethyl ether, and allowed to air dry. The title compound was recovered (490 mg) and used in the subsequent reaction without further purification.

Step C: N-(3,5-Dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-(2-nitrophenoxy)-phenylalanine, methyl ester.

A solution of N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-proline (429 mg), 4-(2-nitrophenoxy)-(L)-phenylalanine, methyl ester hydrochloride (445 mg), 1-hydroxybenzotriazole (255 mg), N-methylmorpholine (0.35 mL) in dichloromethane (32 mL) was cooled to 0 °C. 1-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-3-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (EDC; 289 mg) was then added. The reaction was allowed to warm to room temperature and stirred for 17 hr. The reaction was diluted with dichloromethane (100 mL) and successively washed with water, 1N hydrochloric acid, saturated sodium bicarbonate solution, and saturated salt solution. The organic layer was dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate. The solution was filtered and the solvent removed by

rotoevaporation. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel eluted with 20% ethyl acetate in hexane to afford the title compound (714 mg) which was used in the subsequent reaction.

5

Step D: N-(3,5-Dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-(2-nitro phenoxy)-phenylalanine

N-(3,5-Dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-(2-nitro-phenoxy)-phenylalanine, methyl ester (110 mg) was dissolved in ethanol (6 mL) and a solution of potassium hydroxide (15 mg) in water (2 mL) was added. After stirring for 20 minutes, the reaction was acidified with acetic acid and the solvent removed by rotoevaporation. The residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate (40 mL), and the solution successively washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution and saturated salt solution. The solution was dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate, then filtered and the solvent removed by rotoevaporation to afford the title compound (40 mg).

15

M/S: m/e 625(M+1+NH₃).

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₃OD): δ 1.63-1.72(m, 1H), 1.75-2.92(m, 3H), 3.01-3.08(dd, 1H), 3.25-3.35(m, 2H), 3.4-3.5 (m, 1H), 4.19 (dd, J= 6,1, 1H), 4.68-4.74 (m, 1H), 6.97-7.05 (m, 3H), 7.2-7.35 (m, 3H), 7.45-7.5 (m, 1H), 7.77 (s, 3H), 7.91 (dd, J= 7,2, 1H).

20

25 The following compound was prepared by the procedures described in Example 262:

30

Example	Compound Name	MS*
(263)	N-(3,5-Dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-(4-nitrophenoxy)-phenylalanine ¹ H NMR (400 MHz, CD ₃ OD): δ 1.65-1.95 (m, 4H), 3.0-3.1 (m, 1H), 3.25-3.35(m, 2H), 3.4-3.5(m, 1H), 4.2 (t, 1H), 4.7-4.8 (m, 1H), 7.04-7.08 (m, 4H), 7.4	625

(d, J= 9, 2H), 7.77 (s, 3H), 8.12-8.15 (m, 2H), 8.3-8.35 (d, 1H)

* m/e: (M + 1 (H⁺))⁺ or (M + 18 (NH₄⁺))⁺

5

EXAMPLE 264

N-(3,5-Dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-(2-aminophenoxy)-phenylalanine

10

Step A: N-(3,5-Dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-(2-amino phenoxy)-phenylalanine, methyl ester

To a solution of N-(3,5-Dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-(2-nitro-phenoxy)-phenylalanine, methyl ester (120 mg) in ethanol (4.5 mL) was added iron filings (42 mg) and acetic acid (0.5 mL). Reaction was refluxed for 3 h then cooled to room temperature. The mixture was filtered through a pad of celite and the solvent was removed by rotoevaporation. The resultant tar was dissolved in ethyl acetate and successively washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution and saturated salt solution. The organic layer was dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate, filtered and the solvent removed by rotoevaporation. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel eluted with 40% ethyl acetate in hexane to afford N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-(2-aminophenoxy)-phenylalanine, methyl ester (75 mg) which was used in the subsequent reaction.

15

20

25

Step B: N-(3,5-Dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-(2-amino phenoxy)-phenylalanine

30

The methyl ester of N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-(2-aminophenoxy)-phenylalanine, methyl ester was hydrolyzed by the procedure in Example 262, step D to afford N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-(2-aminophenoxy)-phenylalanine.

M/S: m/e 578(M+1).

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₃OD): δ 1.62-1.9 (m, 4H), 3.0-3.07 (dd, 1H), 3.2-3.3(m, 2H), 3.4-3.5 (m, 1H), 4.19 (t, 1H), 4.62-4.7 (m, 1H), 6.6-6.65 (m, 1H), 6.73-6.77 (dd, 1H), 6.85-6.95 (m, 4H), 7.2 (d, J=2, 2H),
5 7.78 (s, 3H), 8.1-8.15 (d, 1H).

EXAMPLE 265

10 N-(3,5-Dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-(2-acetylaminophenoxy)-phenylalanine

Step A: N-(3,5-Dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-(2-acetylaminophenoxy)-phenylalanine, methyl ester

15 To a solution of N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-(2-amino-phenoxy)-phenylalanine, methyl ester (55 mg) in pyridine (0.31 mL) and dichloromethane (4 mL) was dropwise added acetic anhydride (0.16 mL). After stirring for 1 hr, the reaction was diluted with dichloromethane (50 mL) and successivley washed with
20 water and saturated salt solution. The solution was dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate, filtered and the solvent removed by rotoevaporation. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel eluted with 5% ethyl acetate in dichloromethane to afford N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-
25 (L)-4-(2-acetylaminophenoxy)-phenylalanine, methyl ester (41 mg) which was used in the subsequent reaction.

Step B: N-(3,5-Dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-(2-acetylaminophenoxy)-phenylalanine

30 The methyl ester of N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-(2-acetylaminophenoxy)-phenylalanine, methyl ester was hydrolyzed by the procedure in Example 262, step D to afford N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-(2-acetylaminophenoxy)-phenylalanine.

M/S: m/e 637(M+1+NH₃).

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₃OD): d 1.6-1.95 (m, 4H), 2.06 (s, 3H), 3.0-3.08 (dd, 1H), 3.2-3.3 (m, 2H), 3.4-3.48 (m, 1H), 4.15-4.2 (m, 1H), 5.55-5.61 (m, 1H), 6.8-6.85 (d, 1H), 6.91 (d, J= 9, 2H), 6.98-7.08 (m, 2H),
 5 7.26 (d, J=9, 2H), 7.78 (s, 3H), 8.85-8.90 (dd, 1H).

The following compound was prepared by the procedures described in Example 265:

Example	Compound Name	MS*
10 (266)	N-(3,5-Dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-(2-acetylaminophenoxy)-phenylalanine	637

* m/e: (M + 1 (H⁺))⁺ or (M + 18 (NH₄⁺))⁺

15 EXAMPLE 267

N-(3,5-Dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine.

20 Step A: N-(3,5-Dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine, methyl ester.

To a solution of 3,5-dichlorobenzenesulphonyl-(L)-proline (from Example 256, Step B) (1.70 gm, 5.23 mmole) in dry dichloromethane (15 mL) was added 1-hydroxybenzotriazole hydrate (782.3 mg, 5.78 mmole) followed by N-methylmorpholine (1.45mL, 13.1 mmole), (L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine, methyl ester hydrochloride (1.58 gm, 6.31 mmole), and 1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethylamino-propyl) carbodiimide (1.41 gm, 7.36 mmole). Additional dichloromethane (5 mL) was added and the solution stirred under nitrogen at 25°C overnight. Water was added and the layers separated. The aqueous
 25 layer was extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 15 mL). The combined organic layers were successively washed with water (2 x 20 mL) and
 30

saturated salt solution and dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate. After filtration, the solvent was removed by rotoevaporation. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel eluted with 5-35% ethyl acetate in hexanes to yield N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine, methyl ester as a pale white foam (2.85 gm, 98% yield).

MS: m/e 557.4 (M+1)⁺.

400 MHz ¹H NMR (CD₃OD): δ 1.28 (s, 9H), 1.49-1.66 (m, 3H), 2.03-2.07 (m, 1H), 2.99 (dd, J = 14.0, 7.5 Hz, 1H), 3.06-3.12 (m, 1H), 3.19 (dd, J = 14.1, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 3.34-3.39 (m, 1H), 3.74 (s, 3H), 4.04-4.07 (m, 1H), 4.76-4.81 (m, 1H), 6.88 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.99 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 3H), 7.58 (t, J = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.69 (d, J = 1.8 Hz, 2H).

Step B: N-(3,5-Dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine.

Under a dry nitrogen atmosphere, to a solution of 1.20gm (2.15 mmole) of N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine, methyl ester (1.20 gm, 2.15 mmole) in dry ethanol (25.8mL) was added dropwise an aqueous 0.2N sodium hydroxide solution (12.9mL, 2.58 mmole). The reaction was stirred for 1.5 hr at room temperature. A 1.0M aqueous solution of acetic acid (~2 mL) was added until pH 4-5 was obtained. The solvent was removed by rotoevaporation and the residue dissolved in dichloromethane and water. The layers were separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with dichloromethane (3 x 20 mL). The organic layers were combined, and successively washed with water, saturated salt solution, and dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. After filtration, the solvent was removed by rotoevaporation. The residue dissolved in a minimum of dichloromethane and purified on a 4000 μm silica gel plate on a Chromatotron, eluted with 1-10% methanol in dichloromethane to yield N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine as a pale yellow foam (1.15 gm, 99% yield).

MS: m/e 543.3 (M+1)⁺.

400 MHz NMR (CD₃OD) δ 1.28 (s, 9H), 1.60-1.69 (m, 1H), 1.70-1.79 (m, 1H), 1.82-1.89 (m, 2H), 3.02-3.06 (m, 1H), 3.21-3.30 (m, 4H), 3.41-3.49 (m, 1H), 4.19 (br t, J = 6.60 Hz, 1H), 4.62 (br s, 1H), 6.90 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.18 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.78 (s, 3H).

5

EXAMPLE 268

N-(3,5-Dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-methyl-tyrosine.

10

Step A: N-(3,5-Dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine, tert-butyl ester

By the procedure of Example 267, step A, N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-proline was coupled with (L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine, tert-butyl ester hydrochloride. The product was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel eluted with 5-35% ethyl acetate in hexane and isolated as a white foam (85% yield).

MS: m/e 599.0 (M+1)⁺.
400 Mhz ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 1.28 (s, 9H), 1.42 (s, 9H), 1.56-1.63 (m, 4H), 2.05-2.08 (m, 1H), 2.99 (dd, J = 14.0, 6.7 Hz, 1H), 3.09-3.17 (m, 2H), 3.35-3.38 (m, 1H), 4.06-4.08 (m, 1H), 4.67 (br dd, J = 14.0, 6.3 Hz, 1H), 6.87 (br d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.03 (br d, J = 8.4 Hz, 3H), 7.06 (br d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.57 (t, J = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.70 (d, J = 1.8 Hz, 2H).

25

Step B: N-(3,5-Dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-tyrosine, tert-butyl ester

To a solution of N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine, tert-butyl ester (1.20 gm, 2.00 mmole) in dry dichloromethane (6 mL) at 0° C under a dry nitrogen atmosphere was dropwise added a 50% v/v solution of trifluoroacetic acid in dichloromethane (3.08 mL, 20 mmol) over a 10 min period. After stirring for 2 hr, the reaction mixture was quenched at 0° C

30

with an aqueous 5% sodium bicarbonate solution to pH = 7-8. The layers were separated and the organic layer dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate. After filtration, the solvent was removed by rotoevaporation and the residue purified by flash column

5 chromatography on silica gel eluted with 1-10% methanol in dichloromethane to yield N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-tyrosine, tert-butyl ester as a white foam (1.71 gm, 78% yield).

MS: m/s 543.4 (M+1)⁺.

10 400 MHz ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 1.45 (s, 9H), 1.55-1.63 (m, 3H), 2.07 (m, 1H), 2.94 (dd, J = 14.1, 6.90 Hz, 1H), 3.09-3.16 (m, 2H), 3.37-3.39 (m, 1H), 4.06-4.09 (m, 1H), 4.65-4.70 (m, 1H), 6.71 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.01 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.06 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.58 (t, J = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.70 (d, J = 1.8 Hz, 2H).

15

Step C: N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-methyl-tyrosine, tert-butyl ester

To a solution of N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-tyrosine, tert-butyl ester (100 mg, 0.184 mmole) dissolved in dry dimethylformamide (1.0 mL) was added anhydrous potassium carbonate (76.3 mg, 0.552 mmol) and iodomethane (52.3 mg, 0.736 mmole). The reaction mixture was stirred vigorously at 25° C overnight under a dry nitrogen atmosphere. Ethyl acetate (30 mL) was added and the solution acidified with aqueous 5% citric acid
20 to pH = 5. The layers were separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 20 mL). Organic layers were combined and washed successively with water and saturated salt solution, and dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate. After
25 filtration, the solvent was removed by rotoevaporation and the residue dissolved in a minimum of dichloromethane. This solution was loaded onto a 1000 micron silica gel Chromatotron plate and
30 purified by gradient elution with 10-50% ethyl acetate in hexane to afford N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-methyl-tyrosine, tert-butyl ester as an off-white powder (76 mg, 74% yield).

MS: m/e 557.5 (M+1)⁺.

400 MHz ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ 1.44 (s, 9H), 1.56-1.69 (m, 3H), 2.08-2.11 (m, 1H), 2.95 (dd, J = 14.0, 6.68 Hz, 1H), 3.09-3.16 (m, 2H), 3.35-3.40 (m, 1H), 3.75 (s, 3H), 4.07-4.09 (m, 1H), 4.66 (dd, J = 13.8, 6.4 Hz, 1H), 6.78 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.04 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 3H), 7.57 (t, J = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.70 (d, J = 1.8 Hz, 2H).

Step D: N-(3,5-Dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-methyl-tyrosine.

To a solution of N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-methyl-tyrosine, tert-butyl ester (50 mg, 0.090 mmole) dissolved in dry dichloromethane (0.3 mL) and anisole (5 μL) at 0°C under a dry nitrogen atmosphere was dropwise added a 50% v/v solution of trifluoroacetic acid in dichloromethane (276 μL, 1.8 mmole). After the addition was completed, the ice bath was removed, and the reaction mixture allowed to stir vigorously for 2.5 hr. The reaction mixture was treated with dichloromethane (20 mL) and 5% aqueous sodium bicarbonate to pH = 5. After separation of phases, the aqueous layer was extracted with dichloromethane (2 x 10 mL). The organic layers were combined and successively washed with water and saturated salt solution. The solution was dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate and filtered. The solvent was removed by rotoevaporation and the residue dissolved in a minimum of dichloromethane. This solution was loaded onto a 1000 micron silica gel plate on a Chromatotron eluted with 1-10% methanol in dichloromethane to afford N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-methyl-tyrosine as a light brown powder (28.5 mg, 63% yield).

MS: m/e 501.2 (M+1)⁺.

400 MHz ¹H-NMR (CD₃OD) δ 1.56-1.65 (m, 2H), 1.74-1.85 (m, 1H), 1.86-1.88 (m, 1H), 3.01 (dd, J = 13.9, 6.4 Hz, 1H), 3.16-3.24 (m, 2H), 3.37-3.43 (m, 1H), 3.72 (s, 3H), 4.12 (dd, J = 8.5, 3.4 Hz, 1H), 4.45 (br t, J = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 6.79 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.15 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.80 (br m, 3H).

The following compounds were prepared by the procedures described in Example 268 using the appropriate alkylating or acylating agent in Step C:

5

Example	Compound Name	MS *
(269)	N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-benzyl-tyrosine	577.4
(270)	N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-n-butyl-tyrosine	543.5
(271)	N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-cyanomethyl-tyrosine	526.4
(272)	N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-(2-methoxyethyl)-tyrosine	547.4
(273)	N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-(2-ethoxyethyl)-tyrosine	559.4
(274)	N-(benzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-(2-methoxyethyl)-tyrosine	477.0
(275)	N-(benzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-(2-ethoxyethyl)-tyrosine	491.2
(276)	N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-(1-pyrrolidinylcarbonyl)-tyrosine	584.3
(277)	N-(benzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-(1-pyrrolidinylcarbonyl)-tyrosine	516.3

* m/e: (M + 1 (H⁺))⁺ or (M + 18 (NH₄⁺))⁺

10

EXAMPLE 278

Inhibition of VLA-4 Dependent Adhesion to BSA-CS-1 Conjugate

15 Step 1. Preparation of CS-1 Coated Plates

Untreated 96 well polystyrene flat bottom plates were coated with bovine serum albumin (BSA; 20 µg/ml) for 2 hours at room temperature and washed twice with phosphate buffered saline (PBS).

- 5 The albumin coating was next derivatized with 10 µg/ml 3-(2-pyridyldithio) propionic acid N-hydroxysuccinimide ester (SPDP), a heterobifunctional crosslinker, for 30 minutes at room temperature and washed twice with PBS. The CS-1 peptide (Cys-Leu-His-Gly-Pro-Glu-Ile-Leu-Asp-VaPro-Ser-Thr), which was synthesized by conventional
10 solid phase chemistry and purified by reverse phase HPLC, was next added to the derivatized BSA at a concentration of 2.5 µg/ml and allowed to react for 2 hours at room temperature. The plates were washed twice with PBS and stored at 4°C.

15 Step 2. Preparation of Fluorescently Labeled Jurkat Cells

- Jurkat cells, clone E6-1, obtained from the American Type Culture Collection (Rockville, MD; cat # ATCC TIB-152) were grown and maintained in RPMI-1640 culture medium containing 10% fetal calf
20 serum (FCS), 50 units/ml penicillin, 50 µg/ml streptomycin and 2 mM Glutamine. Fluorescence activated cell sorter analysis with specific monoclonal antibodies confirmed that the cells expressed both the α4 and β1 chains of VLA-4. The cells were centrifuged at 400xg for five minutes and washed twice with PBS. The cells were incubated at a
25 concentration of 2×10^6 cells/ml in PBS containing a 1 µM concentration of a fluorogenic esterase substrate (2', 7'-bis-(2-carboxyethyl)-5-(and -6)-carboxyfluorescein, acetoxymethyl ester; BCECF-AM; Molecular Probes Inc., Eugene, Oregon; catalog #B-1150) for 30-60 minutes at 37°C in a 5% CO₂/air incubator. The
30 fluorescently labeled Jurkat cells were washed two times in PBS and resuspended in RPMI containing 0.25% BSA at a final concentration of 2.0×10^6 cells/ml.

Step 3. Assay Procedure

Compounds of this invention were prepared in DMSO at 100x the desired final assay concentration. Final concentrations were selected from a range between 0.001 nM-100 μ M. Three μ L of diluted compound, or vehicle alone, were premixed with 300 μ L of cell suspension in 96-well polystyrene plates with round bottom wells. 100 μ L aliquots of the cell /compound mixture were then transferred in duplicate to CS-1 coated wells. The cells were next incubated for 30 minutes at room temperature. The non-adherent cells were removed by two gentle washings with PBS. The remaining adherent cells were quantitated by reading the plates on a Cytofluor II fluorescence plate reader (Perseptive Biosystems Inc., Framingham, MA; excitation and emission filter settings were 485 nm and 530 nm, respectively). Control wells containing vehicle alone were used to determine the level of cell adhesion corresponding to 0% inhibition. Wells in which cells were treated with a saturating concentration (10 ng/ml) of a neutralizing anti- α 4 antibody (HP 2/1; Immunotech, Inc., Westbrook, ME) were used to determine the level of cell adhesion corresponding to 100% inhibition. Cell adhesion in the presence of HP2/1 was usually less than 5% of that observed in the presence of vehicle alone. Percent inhibition was then calculated for each test well and the IC₅₀ was determined from an eight point titration using a validated four parameter fit algorithm. IC₅₀ values for inhibition of CS-1 binding to VLA-4 for representative compounds are as follows:

>100 nM - compound of example 1;
<100 nM - compounds of examples 132, 219, 258, 260, 264;
<10 nM - compounds of examples 261, 265, 267, 268, 271, 273;

30

EXAMPLE 266

Antagonism of VLA-4 Dependent Binding to VCAM-Ig Fusion Protein.

1. Preparation of VCAM-Ig

The signal peptide as well as domains 1 and 2 of human VCAM (GenBank Accession no. M30257) were amplified by PCR using the human VCAM cDNA (R & D Systems) as template and the following primer sequences: 3'-PCR primer: 5'-AATTATAATTTGATCAACTTACCTGTCAATTCTTTTACAGCCTGCC-3'; 5'-PCR primer: 5'-ATAGGAATTCCAGCTGCCACCATGCCTGGGAAGATGGTCG-3'. The 5'-PCR primer contained EcoRI and PvuII restriction sites followed by a Kozak consensus sequence (CCACC) proximal to the initiator methionine ATG. The 3'-PCR primer contained a BclI site and a splice donor sequence. PCR was performed for 30 cycles using the following parameters: 1 min. at 94°C, 2 min. at 55°C and 2 min. at 72°C. The amplified region encoded the following sequence of human VCAM:

MPGKMVVILGASNILWIMFAASQAFKIETTPESRYLAQIGDSVSLT
CSTTGCESPFFSWRTQIDSPLNGKVTNEGTTSTLTMNPVSFGNEHS
YLCTATCESRKLEKGIQVEIYSFPKDP EIHLSGPLEAGKPITVKCSV
ADVYPFDRLEIDLLKGDHLMKSQEFLEDADRKSLET KSLEVTFTP
VIEDIGKVLVCRAKLHIDEMDSVPTVRQAVKEL. The resulting PCR product of 650 bp was digested with EcoRI and BclI and ligated to expression vector pIg-Tail (R & D Systems, Minneapolis, MN) digested with EcoRI and BamHI. The pIg-Tail vector contains the genomic fragment which encodes the hinge region, CH2 and CH3 of human IgG1 (GenBank Accession no. Z17370). The DNA sequence of the resulting VCAM fragment was verified using Sequenase (US Biochemical, Cleveland, OH). The fragment encoding the entire VCAM-Ig fusion was subsequently excised from pIg-Tail with EcoRI and NotI and ligated to pCI-neo (Promega, Madison, WI) digested with EcoRI and NotI. The resulting vector, designated pCI-neo/VCAM-Ig was transfected into CHO-K1 (ATCC CCL 61) cells using calcium-phosphate DNA precipitation (Specialty Media, Lavallete, NJ). Stable VCAM-Ig

producing clones were selected according to standard protocols using 0.2-0.8 mg/ml active G418 (Gibco, Grand Island, NY), expanded, and cell supernatants were screened for their ability to mediate Jurkat adhesion to wells previously coated with 1.5 µg/ml (total protein) goat anti-human IgG (Sigma, St. Louis, MO). A positive CHO-K1/VCAM-Ig clone was subsequently adapted to CHO-SFM serum-free media (Gibco) and maintained under selection for stable expression of VCAM-Ig. VCAM-Ig was purified from crude culture supernatants by affinity chromatography on Protein A/G Sepharose (Pierce, Rockford, IL) according to the manufacturer's instructions and desalted into 50 mM sodium phosphate buffer, pH 7.6, by ultrafiltration on a YM-30 membranes (Amicon, Beverly, MA).

Step 2. Preparation of ^{125}I -VCAM-Ig

VCAM-Ig was labeled to a specific radioactivity greater than 1000 Ci/mmol with ^{125}I -Bolton Hunter reagent (New England Nuclear, Boston, MA; cat # NEX120-0142) according to the manufacturer's instructions. The labeled protein was separated from unincorporated isotope by means of a calibrated HPLC gel filtration column (G2000SW; 7.5 x 600 mm; Tosoh, Japan) using uv and radiometric detection.

Step 3. VCAM-Ig Binding Assay

Compounds of this invention were prepared in DMSO at 100x the desired final assay concentration. Final concentrations were selected from a range between 0.001 nM-100µM. Jurkat cells were centrifuged at 400xg for five minutes and resuspended in binding buffer (25 mM HEPES, 150 mM NaCl, 3 mM KCl, 2 mM glucose, 1 mM MnCl_2 , 0.1% bovine serum albumin, pH 7.4) without MnCl_2 . The cells were centrifuged again and resuspended in complete binding buffer. Compounds were assayed in Millipore MHVB multiscreen plates (cat# MHVBN4550, Millipore Corp., MA) by making the following additions

to duplicate wells: (i) 200 μ L of binding buffer; (ii) 20 μ L of a working stock of 125 I-VCAM-Ig prepared in binding buffer (final assay concentration ≤ 100 pM); (iii) 2.5 μ L of compound solution or vehicle alone; (iv) and 0.5×10^6 cells in a volume of 30 μ L. The plates were
5 incubated at room temperature for 30 minutes, filtered on a vacuum box, and washed on the same apparatus by the addition of 100 μ L of binding buffer. After insertion of the multiscreen plates into adapter plates (Packard, Meriden, CT, cat# 6005178), 100 μ L of microscint-20 (Packard cat# 6013621) was added to each well. The plates were then
10 sealed, placed on a shaker for 30 seconds, and counted on a Topcount microplate scintillation counter (Packard). Control wells containing vehicle alone were used to determine the level of VCAM-Ig binding corresponding to 0% inhibition. Wells in which cells were treated with a saturating concentration of unlabeled VCAM-Ig (10 nM) were used to
15 determine the level of binding corresponding to 100% inhibition. Binding of 125 I-VCAM-Ig in the presence of 10 nM unlabeled VCAM-Ig was usually less than 5% of that observed in the presence of vehicle alone. Percent inhibition was then calculated for each test well and the IC₅₀ was determined from a ten point titration using a validated four
20 parameter fit algorithm. IC₅₀ values for inhibition of VCAM-Ig binding to VLA-4 for representative compounds are as follows:
>100 nM - compounds of examples 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 10-17, 19, 21-23, 28, 29, 37, 42, 43, 47, 49, 52-57, 70, 72, 96, 106, 109, 112, 113, 132;
<100 nM - compounds of examples 1, 5, 7, 18, 20, 24-27, 30-36, 38-41,
25 44-46, 48, 51, 58, 59, 65-69, 71, 77, 89, 92, 95, 98, 103, 104, 107, 110, 114-116, 124-126, 130, 131, 232;
<10 nM - compounds of examples 9, 50, 60, 73-76, 78-88, 93, 94, 97, 101, 102, 111, 117-123, 127-129, 133, 157, 158, 165, 219, 256, 258, 260, 261, 264, 265, 267, 268, 271, 273, 275.

30

EXAMPLE 267

Antagonism of $\alpha_v\beta_3$ Dependent Binding to VCAM-Ig Fusion Protein.

Step 1. $\alpha_4\beta_7$ Cell line.

5 RPMI-8866 cells (a human B cell line $\alpha_4^+\beta_1^+\beta_7^+$; a gift from Prof. John Wilkins, University of Manitoba, Canada) were grown in RPMI/10% fetal calf serum/ 100 U penicillin, 100 μ g streptomycin/ 2 mM L-glutamine at 37°C, 5 % carbon dioxide. The cells (1.25×10^6 cells/well) were pelleted at 1000 rpm for 5 min. and then washed twice in
10 binding buffer (25 mM Hepes, 150 mM NaCl, 0.1 % BSA, 3 mM KCl, 2 mM Glucose, pH 7.4). Cells were then resuspended at 3.3×10^7 cells/ml.

Step 2. VCAM-Ig Binding Assay

125 I-VCAM-Ig (prepared as above) was diluted in binding
15 buffer to ≤ 500 pM VCAM-Ig /10 μ l. (i.e. if specific activity VCAM-Ig = 3.5×10^6 cpm/pmol, then 250,000 cpm/well = 7.14×10^{-14} moles VCAM-Ig. The volume of the assay was 150 μ l, and the final concentration of VCAM-Ig = 476 pM). Compounds of the present invention and serial dilutions were prepared in DMSO. The final
20 amount of DMSO in the assay was kept at 1% when adding 1.5 μ l diluted compound to each well. Compounds were assayed in Millipore MHVB multiscreen plates (Cat# MHVBN4550) by making the following sequential additions to duplicate wells: (i) 100 μ l/well of binding buffer containing 1.5 mM Mn^{++} ; (ii) ≤ 500 pM/well 125 I-VCAM-Ig; (iii) 1.5
25 μ l/well test compound; (iv) 38 μ l/well RPMI-8866 cell suspension (1.25×10^6 cells/well). Control wells were established as follows: (i) total binding = buffer + 125 I-VCAM-Ig + cells; (ii) non-specific binding = buffer + 125 I-VCAM-Ig - cells. Plates were incubated for 45 min. at 25° C on a plate shaker at 200 rpm. The multiscreen plates were filtered
30 using a Millipore vacuum manifold (Cat. # MAVM 096 01). The plates were washed once with 100 μ l/well binding buffer + 1 mM Mn^{++} . After vacuum filtration, the plates were blotted, the plastic backing was removed and blotted again and allowed to air dry. When the filters were dry, the plates were transferred to Packard adapter plates (Cat#

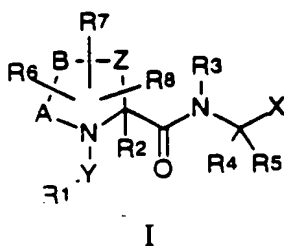
6005178). Packard Microscint-20 (100 μ L/well) (Cat# 6013621) was added and the plates were sealed. The plates were placed on a plate shaker at 500 rpm for 30 seconds and counted on a Packard Topcount. Percent inhibition was then calculated for each test well and the IC₅₀

- 5 was determined from a ten point titration using a validated four parameter fit algorithm after subtracting the nonspecific binding values. IC₅₀ values for inhibition of VCAM-Ig binding to $\alpha_4\beta_7$ for representative compounds are as follows:

- 10 >100 nM - compounds of examples 1, 165, 219, 260, 264, 267, 268, 271;
<100 nM - compounds of examples 265, 273.

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A compound of Formula I



or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof wherein:

- R¹ is 1) C₁-10alkyl,
 2) C₂-10alkenyl,
 3) C₂-10alkynyl,
 4) Cy,
 5) Cy-C₁-10alkyl,
 6) Cy-C₂-10alkenyl,
 7) Cy-C₂-10alkynyl,

wherein alkyl, alkenyl, and alkynyl are optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^a; and Cy is optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^b;

- R² is 1) hydrogen,
 2) C₁-10alkyl,
 3) C₂-10alkenyl,
 4) C₂-10alkynyl,
 5) aryl,
 6) aryl-C₁-10alkyl,
 7) heteroaryl,
 8) heteroaryl-C₁-10alkyl,

wherein alkyl, alkenyl, and alkynyl are optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^a; and aryl and

heteroaryl optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^b;

- R³ is
- 1) hydrogen,
 - 2) C₁₋₁₀ alkyl,
 - 3) Cy, or
 - 4) Cy-C₁₋₁₀ alkyl,

wherein alkyl is optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^a; and Cy is optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^b;

- R⁴ is
- 1) hydrogen,
 - 2) C₁₋₁₀alkyl,
 - 3) C₂₋₁₀alkenyl,
 - 4) C₂₋₁₀alkynyl,
 - 5) Cy,
 - 6) Cy-C₁₋₁₀alkyl,
 - 7) Cy-C₂₋₁₀alkenyl,
 - 8) Cy-C₂₋₁₀alkynyl,

wherein alkyl, alkenyl and alkynyl are optionally substituted with one to four substituents selected from R_x, and Cy is optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R_Y;

- R⁵ is
- 1) hydrogen,
 - 2) C₁₋₁₀alkyl,
 - 3) C₂₋₁₀alkenyl,
 - 4) C₂₋₁₀alkynyl,
 - 5) aryl,
 - 6) aryl-C₁₋₁₀alkyl,
 - 7) heteroaryl,
 - 8) heteroaryl-C₁₋₁₀alkyl,

wherein alkyl, alkenyl and alkynyl are optionally substituted with one to four substituents selected from R_x, and aryl and heteroaryl are

optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^Y; or

R⁴, R⁵ and the carbon to which they are attached form a 3-7 membered ring optionally containing 0-2 heteroatoms selected from N, O and S;

R⁶, R⁷, and R⁸ are each independently selected from the group consisting of

- 1) a group selected from R_d, and
- 2) a group selected from R_x; or

two of R⁶, R⁷ and R⁸ and the atom to which both are attached, or two of R⁶, R⁷ and R⁸ and the two adjacent atoms to which they are attached, together form a 5-7 membered saturated or unsaturated monocyclic ring containing zero to three heteroatoms selected from N, O or S,

R^a is 1) Cy, or
2) a group selected from R_x;
wherein Cy is optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^C;

R^b is 1) a group selected from R^a,
2) C₁₋₁₀ alkyl,
3) C₂₋₁₀ alkenyl,
4) C₂₋₁₀ alkynyl,
5) aryl C₁₋₁₀alkyl,
6) heteroaryl C₁₋₁₀ alkyl,

wherein alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl are optionally substituted with a group independently selected from R^C;

R^C is 1) halogen,
2) amino,
3) carboxy,
4) C₁₋₄alkyl,
5) C₁₋₄alkoxy,

- 6) aryl,
- 7) aryl C₁₋₄alkyl, or
- 8) aryloxy.

R^d and R^e are independently selected from hydrogen, C₁₋₁₀alkyl, C₂₋₁₀alkenyl, C₂₋₁₀alkynyl, Cy and Cy C₁₋₁₀alkyl, wherein alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl and Cy is optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^c; or

R^d and R^e together with the atoms to which they are attached form a heterocyclic ring of 5 to 7 members containing 0-2 additional heteroatoms independently selected from oxygen, sulfur and nitrogen;

R^f and R^g are independently selected from hydrogen, C₁₋₁₀alkyl, Cy and Cy C₁₋₁₀alkyl; or

R^f and R^g together with the carbon to which they are attached form a ring of 5 to 7 members containing 0-2 heteroatoms independently selected from oxygen, sulfur and nitrogen;

- R^h is
- 1) hydrogen,
 - 2) C₁₋₁₀alkyl,
 - 3) C₂₋₁₀alkenyl,
 - 4) C₂₋₁₀alkynyl,
 - 5) cyano,
 - 6) aryl,
 - 7) aryl C₁₋₁₀alkyl,
 - 8) heteroaryl,
 - 9) heteroaryl C₁₋₁₀alkyl, or
 - 10) -SO₂Rⁱ;

wherein alkyl, alkenyl, and alkynyl are optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^a; and aryl and heteroaryl are each optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^b;

- Rⁱ
- 1) C₁₋₁₀alkyl,

- 2) C₂-10alkenyl,
- 3) C₂-10alkynyl, or
- 4) aryl;

wherein alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl and aryl are each optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^C;

- R^X is
- 1) -OR^d,
 - 2) -NO₂,
 - 3) halogen
 - 4) -S(O)_mR^d,
 - 5) -SR^d,
 - 6) -S(O)₂OR^d,
 - 7) -S(O)_mNR^dRe,
 - 8) -NR^dRe,
 - 9) -O(CR^fR^g)_nNR^dRe,
 - 10) -C(O)R^d,
 - 11) -CO₂R^d,
 - 12) -CO₂(CR^fR^g)_nCONR^dRe,
 - 13) -OC(O)R^d,
 - 14) -CN,
 - 15) -C(O)NR^dRe,
 - 16) -NR^dC(O)Re,
 - 17) -OC(O)NR^dRe,
 - 18) -NR^dC(O)OR^e,
 - 19) -NR^dC(O)NR^dRe,
 - 20) -CR^d(N-OR^e), or
 - 21) -CF₃;

- R^Y is
- 1) a group selected from R^X,
 - 2) C₁-10 alkyl,
 - 3) C₂-10 alkenyl,
 - 4) C₂-10 alkynyl,
 - 5) aryl C₁-10alkyl,

- 6) heteroaryl C₁₋₁₀ alkyl,
- 7) cycloalkyl,
- 8) heterocyclyl;

Cy is cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, aryl, or heteroaryl;

m is an integer from 1 to 2;

n is an integer from 1 to 10;

- X is
- 1) -C(O)OR^d,
 - 2) -P(O)(OR^d)(OR^e)
 - 3) -P(O)(R^d)(OR^e)
 - 4) -S(O)_mOR^d,
 - 5) -C(O)NR^dR^h, or
 - 6) -5-tetrazolyl;

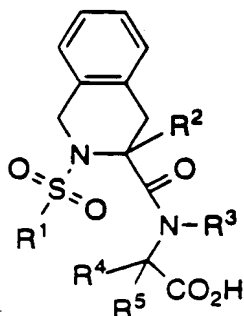
- Y is
- 1) -C(O)-,
 - 2) -O-C(O)-,
 - 3) -NR^e-C(O)-,
 - 4) -S(O)₂-,
 - 5) -P(O)(OR⁴) or
 - 6) C(O)C(O);

Z and A are independently selected from -C- and -C-C-;

B is selected from the group consisting of

- 1) a bond,
- 2) -C-
- 3) -C-C-,
- 3) -C=C-,
- 4) a heteroatom selected from the group consisting of nitrogen, oxygen, and sulfur; and
- 5) -S(O)_m-.

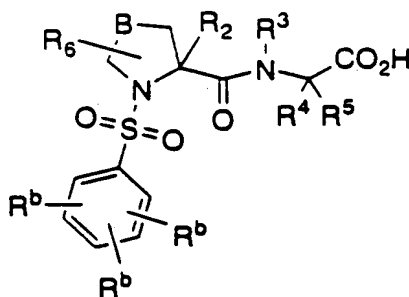
2. A compound of Claim 1 having the formula Ia:



Ia

wherein R2 is H or C1-6 alkyl, and R1, R3, R4 and R5 are as defined in Claim 1.

3. A compound of Claim 1 having the formula Ib:



Ib

wherein R2 is H or C1-6 alkyl, R6 is H, C1-6 alkyl, OR^d, SR^d, NR^dRe, or NR^dC(O)Re, B is S, CH₂ or CH₂CH₂, with the proviso that R3 is not H when B is CH₂, R4 is H, R5 is H or 4-cyanophenylmethyl, and one Rb is 4-methyl and the others are H.

4. A compound of Claim 1 selected from the group consisting of:

N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-leucine;

N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-arginine;

N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-glutamic acid;

N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-glycine;

N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-(1-naphthyl)alanine;

N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)- α -t-butylglycine ;

N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-3-(2-thienyl)alanine;

N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-cyclohexylalanine;

N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine ;

N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl- β -alanine;

N-(3,3-diphenylpropanoyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine;

N-(2,4-dinitrobenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine;

N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-3,3-diphenylalanine;

N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3-carboxylic acid;

N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-proline;

N-dansyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine;

N-(2-naphthalenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-
carbonyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-(4-methoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-
carbonyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-(4-phenylbenzoyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-
norleucine;
N-(3,4-dimethylbenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-
carbonyl-(L)-cysteine;
N-(4-t-butylbenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-
carbonyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-(2,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-
carbonyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-(2-mesitylenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-
(L)-norleucine ;
N-(p-toluenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-
(L)-norleucine ;
N-(4-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-
carbonyl-(L)-norleucine ;
N-(N'-acetylsulfanilyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-
(L)-norleucine;
N-(4-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-
carbonyl-(L)-norleucine ;
N-(1-naphthalenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-
carbonyl-(L)-norleucine ;
N-(benzylsulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-
norleucine;
N-(4-nitrobenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-
carbonyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-
carbonyl-(L)-phenylalanine;
N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-
carbonyl-(L)-glutamine;
N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-
carbonyl-(L)-(4-nitrophenyl)alanine;

N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-asparagine ;
N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-methionine ;
N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-homophenylalanine;
N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(D)-norleucine;
N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-(4-fluorophenyl)alanine;
N-(3-toluenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-(4-trifluoromethylbenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-(4-n-propylbenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-(4-isopropylbenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-(2,6-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-(4-ethylbenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine ;
N-(2,4-difluorobenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine ;
N-(2-cyanobenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine ;
N-(4-tert-amylbenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-(4-chloro-3-nitrobenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine ;
N-(3-cyanobenzoyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine;

N-(3,4-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-(2-trifluoromethylbenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-(2,3-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-(2,4-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-(2,5-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-serine;
N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-isoleucine;
N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-tryptophan;
N-(2,1,3-benzothiadiazole-4-sulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-tryptophan;
N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-3-(3-pyridyl)alanine ;
N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine, ethyl ester;
N-acetyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(R)-carbonyl-(D)-norleucine;
N-propionyl-(L)-prolyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-(4-cyanobenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-(benzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-(3-nitrobenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine ;

N-(3-trifluoromethylbenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-(2-thienylsulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-N-methylleucine ;
N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-citrulline;
N-(4-iodobenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(S)-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-(3-iodo)tyrosine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-(3-pyridyl)alanine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-phenylalanine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-glutamic acid;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-arginine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)alanine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine, ethyl ester;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-(4-bromophenyl)alanine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-(4-nitrophenyl)alanine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-(4-thiazolyl)alanine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-(2-chlorophenyl)alanine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)alanine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-(4-cyanophenyl)alanine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-tyrosine, O-sulfate;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3,5-diiodotyrosine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-tyrosine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-aspartic acid;

N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-tryptophan;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-methionine;
N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-(3,5-di(trifluoromethyl)benzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine;
N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-thiaprolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine ;
N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-thiaprolyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-[4-(N'-2-toluy lureido)phenylacetyl]-(L)-thiaprolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-thiaprolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine;
N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-pipecoliny l-(L)-norleucine;
N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-pipecoliny l-(L)-norleucine, ethyl ester;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-pipecoliny l-(L)-homophenylalanine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-pipecoliny l-(L)-(3-iodo)tyrosine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-pipecoliny l-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine;
N-[4-(N'-2-toluy lureido)phenylacetyl]-(L)-pipecoliny l-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine;
N-[3,5-di(trifluoromethyl)benzenesulfonyl]-(L)-pipecoliny l-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine ;
N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-pipecoliny l-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine, ethyl ester;
N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-octahydroisoquinoline-3-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-azetidine-2-carbonyl-(L)-norleucine ;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(S)-hydroxyprolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine;
N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(S)-hydroxyprolyl-(L)-norleucine;

N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-3,4-dehydroprolyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-(3-bis(N,N-benzenesulfonyl)aminobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-(4-pyridyl)alanine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(R)-aminoprolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-3,4-dehydroprolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(R)-hydroxyprolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-thiaprolyl-(L)-tyrosine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-thiaprolyl-(L)-3-iodotyrosine;
N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-thiaprolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine;
N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-pipecolinyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine;
N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-thiaprolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-3,4-dehydroprolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(R)-hydroxyprolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(R)-hydroxyprolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-pipecolinyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-3,4-dehydroprolyl-(L)-tyrosine;
N-(4,5-dichloro-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-tyrosine;
N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(R)-hydroxyprolyl-(L)-tyrosine;
N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(R)-hydroxyprolyl-(L)-tyrosine;
N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-pipecolinyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(R)-hydroxyprolyl-(L)-tyrosine, O-tert-butyl ether;

N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(R)-hydroxypropyl-(L)-tyrosine, O-tert-butyl ether;
N-(4,5-dichloro-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-3,4-dehydropropyl-(L)-tyrosine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-3-methyl-propyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
N-(4,5-dichloro-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-3,4-dehydropropyl-(L)-tyrosine;
N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-3,4-dehydropropyl-(L)-tyrosine, O-tert-butyl ether;
N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-3,4-dehydropropyl-(L)-tyrosine, O-tert-butyl ether;
N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-2(S)-methyl-propyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-2(S)-methyl-propyl-(L)-tyrosine;
N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-2(S)-methyl-propyl-(L)-tyrosine, O-tert-butyl ether;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-2(S)-methyl-propyl-(L)-tyrosine;
N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-propyl-(L)-3-iodotyrosine;
N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-propyl-(L)-3-iodotyrosine;
N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-propyl-(L)-3-phenylalanine;
N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-propyl-(L)-phenylalanine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-propyl-(L)-phenylalanine;
N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(R)-hydroxypropyl-(L)-phenylalanine;
N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(R)-hydroxypropyl-(L)-phenylalanine;
N-(4,5-dichloro-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-3,4-dehydropropyl-(L)-3-(4-pyridyl)alanine;
N-(4,5-dichloro-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-thiaprolyl-(L)-3-(4-pyridyl)alanine;
N-(4,5-dichloro-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-3,4-dehydropropyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;

N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(R)-hydroxypropyl-(L)-phenylalanine;
N-(3-trifluoromethylbenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-propyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
N-(3-trifluoromethylbenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-thiaprolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-3,4-dehydropropyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-propyl-(L)-tyrosine, O-phosphoric acid;
N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(R)-aminopropyl-(L)-tyrosine;
N-(4,5-dichloro-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-thiaprolyl-(L)-tyrosine;
N-(N₁-methyl-4-imidazolesulfonyl)-(L)-propyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(D)-propyl-(D)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
N-(4,5-dichloro-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(R)-aminopropyl-(L)-3-(4-pyridyl)alanine;
N-(5-(5-trifluoromethyl-2-pyridylsulfonyl)-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-propyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
N-(5-(N-(4-chlorobenzoyl)aminomethyl))-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-propyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
N-(5-(3-(1-methyl-5-trifluoromethyl-pyrazoyl))-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-propyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-2(S)-methylpropyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine;
N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(R)-aminopropyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(R)-aminopropyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(R)-aminopropyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(S)-aminopropyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-thiaprolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;

N-(4-bromo-5-chloro-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
N-(4,5-dichloro-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-thiaprolyl-(L)-3,5-diiodotyrosine;
N-(5-benzoylaminomethyl-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine;
N-(5-benzenesulfonyl-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
N-(3-bromo-5-chloro-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-3,4-dehydroprolyl-(L)-tyrosine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-homophenylalanine;
N-(4-benzenesulfonyl-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine;
N-(5-benzoylaminomethyl-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine;
N-(trans-2-phenyl-ethylene-sulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine;
N-(5-benzenesulfonyl-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine;
N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-thiaprolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine;
N-(α -toluenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-cysteine;
N-(1-methyl-4-imidazolylsulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine;
N-(4-(N-(4-dimethylaminophenyl)diazo)-benzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine;
N-(5-(4-trifluoromethylbenzenesulfonyl)-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine;
N-(3-bromobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine;
N-(4-methylsulfonyl-benzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine;

N-(4-methoxybenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine;
N-(4,5-dichloro-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-fluorophenylalanine;
N-(5-chloro-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-thiaprolyl-(L)-tyrosine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-2(S)-methylprolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine;
N-(1(R)-(+)-10-camphorsulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine;
N-(1(S)-(+)-10-camphorsulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine;
N-(3,4-methylenedioxy-phenylacetyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine;
N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(R)-hydroxyprolyl-(L)-tyrosine-O-sulfate;
N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-thiaprolyl-(L)-tyrosine-O-sulfate;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-cysteine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-N-methyl-isoleucine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(R)-aminoprolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine;
N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(R)-aminoprolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine;
N-(3-cyanobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-tyrosine;
N-benzenesulfonyl-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine;
N-(4-methylsulfonylbenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine;
N-(4,5-dichloro-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(R)-aminoprolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine;
N-(4,5-dichloro-2-thiophenesulfonyl)-(L)-4(R)-aminoprolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
N-(9-fluorenylmethyloxycarbonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-phenylalanine;
N-(benzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-phenylalanine;
N-(n-octyl-1-sulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-phenylalanine;
N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-5(R)-phenyl-prolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;

N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-3(R)-phenyl-prolyl-(L)-4-iodophenylalanine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-1-carbonyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-1,3-dihydroisoindolyl-1-carbonyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-[3.1.0]-3-azabicyclohexane-2-carbonyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-Prolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine.;
N-[4-(N'-2-toluy lureido)phenylacetyl-(L)-prolyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzoyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-(3,4-dimethoxybenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-pipecolinyl-(L)-tryptophan;
N-(4-nitrobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-[3,5-di(trifluoromethyl)benzenesulfonyl]-(L)-prolyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-(3-trifluoromethylbenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-[4-(benzoylamino)benzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-(4-methoxy-3,5-dinitrobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-(3-trifluoromethylbenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine;
N-(3-nitrobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-(3-cyanobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-tryptophan;
N-(3-methylbenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-norleucine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-3(S)-methyl-prolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine;
N-(3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine;
N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine;
N-phenylacetyl-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine;
N-(3-phenylpropionyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine;
N-(phenylaminocarbonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine;

N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-2-methyl-prolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)-alanine;
N-(benzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine;
N-(4-N'-phenylureidobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine;
N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-5,5-dimethyl-prolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine;
N-(4-N'-(2-toluy)ureidobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine;
N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-iodophenylalanine;
N-(4-N'-benzylureidobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine;
N-(phenyloxalyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine;
N-(benzylaminocarbonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine;
N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-2(S)-methyl-prolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-2(S)-methyl-prolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-phenylalaninamide-N-methylsulfonamide;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-2(S)-methyl-prolyl-(L)-4-iodophenylalanine;
N-(3-fluorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-phenylalanine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-5-methylprolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-3-phenylazetidiny carbonyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-2(S)-allylprolyl-(L)-4-fluorophenylalanine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-(4'-fluorobenzoyl)phenylalanine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4'-(2-methoxybenzoyl)phenylalanine;

N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-(4-fluorobenzyl)phenylalanine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-(2-methoxybenzyl)phenylalanine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-(2-nitrophenoxy)-phenylalanine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-(4-nitrophenoxy)-phenylalanine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-(2-aminophenoxy)-phenylalanine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-(2-acetylaminophenoxy)-phenylalanine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-4-(2-acetylaminophenoxy)-phenylalanine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-tert-butyl-tyrosine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-methyl-tyrosine
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-benzyl-tyrosine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-n-butyl-tyrosine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-cyanomethyl-tyrosine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-(2-methoxyethyl)-tyrosine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-(2-ethoxyethyl)-tyrosine;
N-(benzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-(2-methoxyethyl)-tyrosine;
N-(benzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-(2-ethoxyethyl)-tyrosine;
N-(3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-(1-pyrrolidinylcarbonyl)-tyrosine; and
N-(benzenesulfonyl)-(L)-prolyl-(L)-O-(1-pyrrolidinylcarbonyl)-tyrosine.

5. A method for inhibiting cell adhesion in a mammal which comprises administering to said mammal an effective amount of a compound of Claim 1.

6. A method for the treatment of diseases, disorders, conditions or symptoms mediated by cell adhesion in a mammal which comprises administering to said mammal an effective amount of a compound of Claim 1.

7. A method for the treatment of asthma, allergic rhinitis, multiple sclerosis, atherosclerosis, inflammatory bowel disease or inflammation in a mammal which comprises administering to said mammal an effective amount of a compound of Claim 1.

8. A pharmaceutical composition which comprises a compound of Claim 1 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier thereof.

9. A method for inhibiting cell adhesion in a mammal which comprises administering to said mammal an effective amount of a compound of Claim 2.

10. A method for the treatment of diseases, disorders, conditions or symptoms mediated by cell adhesion in a mammal which comprises administering to said mammal an effective amount of a compound of Claim 2.

11. A method for the treatment of asthma, allergic rhinitis, multiple sclerosis, atherosclerosis, inflammatory bowel disease or inflammation in an mammal which comprises administering to said mammal an effective amount of a compound of Claim 2.

12. A pharmaceutical composition which comprises a compound of Claim 2 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier thereof.

13. A method for inhibiting cell adhesion in a mammal which comprises administering to said mammal an effective amount of a compound of Claim 3.